



Ministry of National
Development
Planning/Bappenas



CLIMATE RESILIENCE
DEVELOPMENT 2.0

CONTRIBUTION OF NON-GOVERNMENT ACTORS

BOOK 5

Ministry of National Development Planning/Bappenas. 2025



CLIMATE RESILIENCE
DEVELOPMENT POLICY
**CONTRIBUTION OF
NON-GOVERNMENT
ACTORS**

2.0

EDITORIAL

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5. Meteorology, Climatology, and Geophysical Agency (BMKG)
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7. Ministry of Health
8. Ministry of Public Works
9. Ministry of Transportation
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A		M	
Adakarbon	Yayasan Agathis Dammara Karbon	MCI	Mercy Corps Indonesia
AmRC	American Red Cross	MLH PP	Majelis Lingkungan Hidup Pimpinan Pusat
G		Muhammadiyah	Muhammadiyah
GAIN	Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition	O	
GET 4.0	Green Economy Transformation	Oxfam	Oxford Committee for Famine Relief
GIZ ClimB	Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit Climate and Biodiversity Hub Indonesia	P	
I		PMI	Palang Merah Indonesia
ICCSR	Indonesia Climate Change Sectoral Roadmap	PT AAL	PT Astra Agro Lestari
ICLEI	International Council for Local Environment Initiatives	PT ACA	PT Asuransi Central Asia (ACA)
IFRC	International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies	R	
K		RPJMN	Rencana Pembangunan Jangka Menengah Nasional
KIAT	Kemitraan Indonesia Australia untuk Infrastruktur	RPJPN	Rencana Pembangunan Jangka Panjang Nasional
KONSEPSI	Konsorsium untuk Studi dan Pengembangan Partisipasi	U	
L		UCLG ASPAC	United Cities and Local Governments Asia Pacific
LAMFI	Lembaga Akreditasi Mutu Fasyankes Indonesia	UNICEF	United Nations Children's Fund
LLHPB PP	Lembaga Lingkungan Hidup dan	W	
Aisyiyah	Penanggulangan Bencana Pimpinan Pusat Aisyiyah	WHO	World Health Organization
LPBI NU	Lembaga Penanggulangan Bencana dan Perubahan Iklim Nahdlatul Ulama	WRI	World Resources Institute
LTKL	Lingkar Temu Kabupaten Lestari	WVI	Wahana Visi Indonesia
		WWF	World Wildlife Fund
		Y	
		Yayasan Bintari	Yayasan Bina Karta Lestari
		YKAN	Yayasan Konservasi Alam Nusantara
		YKI	Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia
		YLBA	Yayasan Lahan Basah



1. THE ROLE OF NON-GOVERNMENT ACTORS IN CLIMATE RESILIENCE DEVELOPMENT

The intensification of climate change impacts has been widely recognized as a concrete and ongoing phenomenon, as evidenced by the increasing frequency and intensity of climate-related extreme events, including floods, droughts, and heatwaves (IPCC, 2021). These impacts have resulted in substantial damages and losses with direct implications for the achievement of development objectives. Such conditions underscore the need for a shared commitment to advancing development pathways that are adaptive and resilient to climate change. Indonesia's commitment in this regard is operationalized through the formulation of the Climate Resilience Development policy, which is embedded in the National Medium-Term Development Plan (RPJMN) 2025–2029 as a Priority Programme under National Priority 8.

Climate change constitutes a global challenge that entails collective responsibility. Accordingly, coordinated action among diverse stakeholders is essential for an effective response to climate-related risks and impacts. As stipulated in Law No. 59 of 2024 on the National Long-Term Development Plan (RPJPN) 2025–2045, all development actors, both governmental and non-governmental, are required to perform their respective roles and functions in alignment with the strategic direction of the RPJPN. Non-government actors encompass entities outside the government that contribute to the continuity and implementation of development initiatives, including civil society organizations, academic institutions, private sector actors, and individuals. Indonesia's heterogeneous physical and geographical conditions generate varying degrees of vulnerability and exposure to climate hazards across regions. This

diversity necessitates intervention approaches that are context-specific and tailored to the distinct characteristics of each locality. In this context, non-government actors play a strategic role in advancing Climate Resilience Development, particularly through the initiation and implementation of community-based interventions. This publication presents an inventory of programmes and activities undertaken by 37 non-government actors in support of Climate Resilience Development across multiple regions in Indonesia. Information on programmes and intervention activities, gathered through focus group discussions (FGDs), is systematically mapped by type of activity and geographic location, based on sectoral classifications and Climate Resilience Development approaches. The resulting mapping is intended to serve as a reference for stakeholders to collectively strengthen interventions in priority areas most affected by climate change.

Beyond the institutions documented in this publication, numerous other non-government actors continue to make significant contributions to the Climate Resilience Development agenda but have yet to be systematically captured. Consequently, expanding the scope of mapping in subsequent periods is essential to achieve a more comprehensive understanding of the ecosystem of Climate Resilience Development implementers at both national and subnational levels. Such expansion is expected not only to enrich the evidence base on actors and interventions, but also to enhance coordination in the implementation of actions across stakeholders, thereby fostering more structured, integrated, and effective multi-stakeholder collaboration in strengthening national climate resilience.



Figure1. Collaboration in Climate Resilience Development





2. ACTIVITIES OF NON-GOVERNMENT ACTORS IN CLIMATE RESILIENCE DEVELOPMENT

Since climate change emerged as a global issue and policy priority, non-government actors have played a substantive role in supporting the implementation of Climate Resilience Development actions. Early initiatives include mangrove rehabilitation along the northern coast of Semarang Municipality in 1996, implemented by Yayasan Bina Karta Lestari, and similar interventions in Indramayu Regency, West Java, undertaken by Yayasan Lahan Basah (Wetlands) in 1998. National commitment to climate action became increasingly evident following the issuance of the Indonesia Climate Change Sectoral Roadmap (ICCSR) in 2010, which formalized the integration of climate change considerations into the national development planning system.

Activities implemented by non-government actors have primarily targeted four priority sectors of Climate Resilience Development, namely marine and coastal, agriculture, water, and health. Nevertheless, several non-government actors have focused their interventions on cross-cutting aspects of climate resilience governance and financing, rather than concentrating on specific sectors. Overall, the approaches adopted through these programmes and activities encompass the full range of Climate Resilience Development approaches, as illustrated in the following figure.

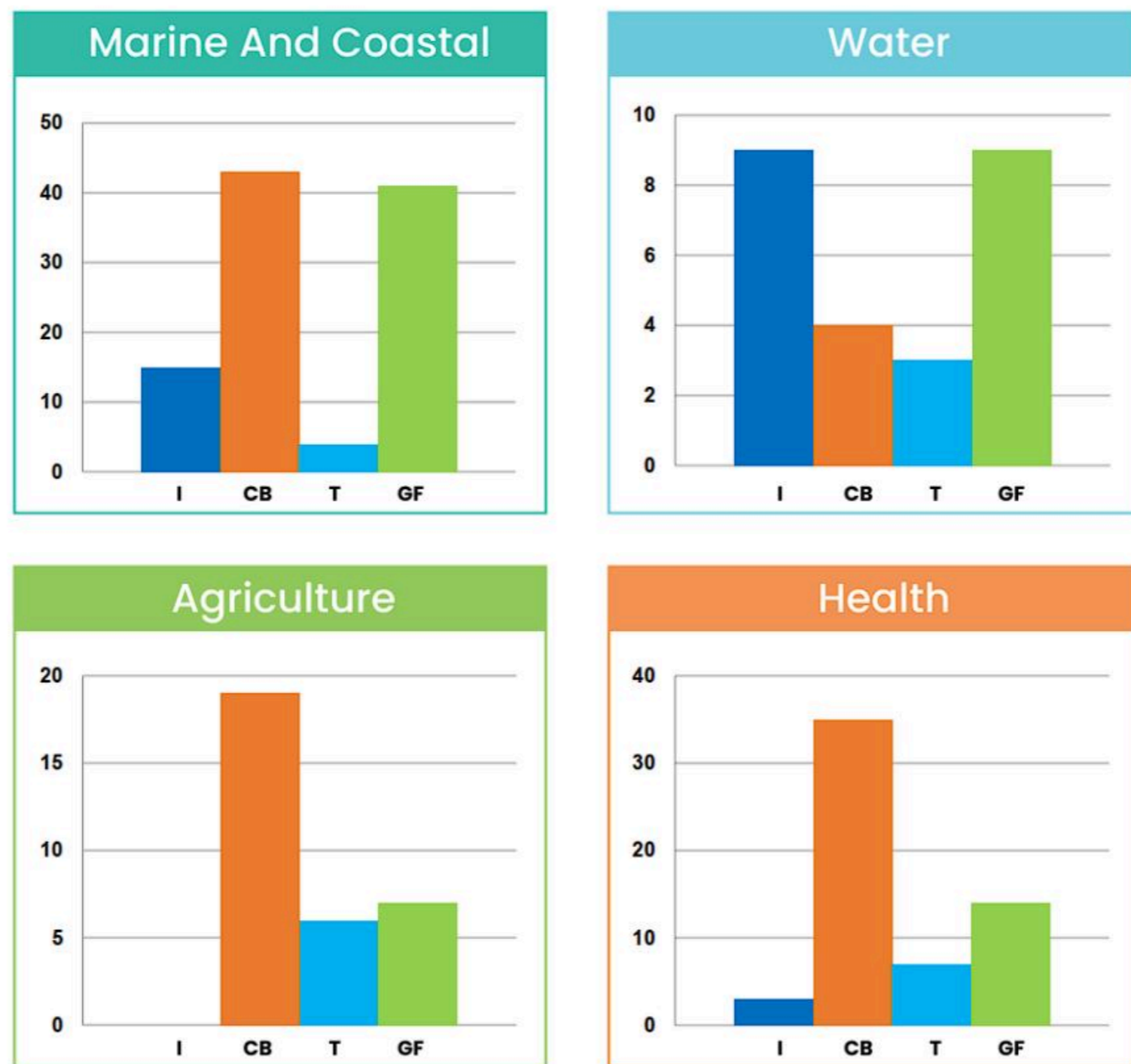


Figure 2. Proportion of Non-Government Actors Across Priority Sectors of Climate Resilience Development

Gambar 2. Proporsi Lembaga Nonpemerintah pada Sektor Prioritas Pembangunan Berketahanan Iklim

	Organization Name	Marine and Coastal				Water				Agriculture				Health				Cross-Sector				
		I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF	
1	GIZ Climb, CLARITY and GET				✓						✓											
2	GAIN										✓		✓									
3	ICLEI		✓				✓												✓		✓	
4	Kawung Pitu Institute		✓																			
5	Kemitraan	✓			✓	✓		✓					✓									
6	Kepalangmerahan	✓	✓✓	✓	✓									✓		✓			✓	✓	✓	
7	KIAT					✓																
8	KONSEPSI				✓						✓		✓		✓				✓		✓	
9	LAMFI													✓	✓		✓					
10	LTKL																		✓		✓	
11	LPBI NU	✓	✓			✓								✓	✓							
12	Mercy Corps Indonesia		✓	✓	✓✓	✓			✓		✓	✓	✓									
13	Oxfam								✓		✓		✓									
14	Penabulu Foundation				✓		✓		✓													✓
15	LLHPB PP Aisyiyah	✓									✓				✓							✓
16	MLH PP Muhammadiyah					✓																
17	PT Astra Agro Lestari								✓		✓	✓										
18	PT Asuransi Central Asia										✓											
19	RARE Indonesia		✓		✓																	
20	Save The Children																			✓		✓
21	UCLG ASPAC																					✓
22	UNICEF						✓	✓	✓						✓	✓			✓		✓	
23	World Health Organization														✓	✓	✓					
24	World Resources Institute				✓																	
25	Wahana Visi Indonesia (WVI)				✓			✓	✓		✓								✓	✓		

No	Organization Name	Marine and Coastal				Water				Agriculture				Health				Cross-Sector					
		I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF	I	CB	T	GF		
26	World Wildlife Fund (WWF)													✓							✓		✓
27	Yayasan Bina Karta Lestari	✓	✓		✓	✓									✓	✓	✓	✓					
28	Yayasan BUMN		✓		✓	✓																	✓
29	YKAN		✓		✓		✓														✓		✓
30	Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia				✓				✓					✓									
31	Yayasan Lahan Basah (YLBA)	✓																			✓		
32	Yayasan Madani Berkelanjutan		✓										✓										
33	UNDP				✓				✓														✓

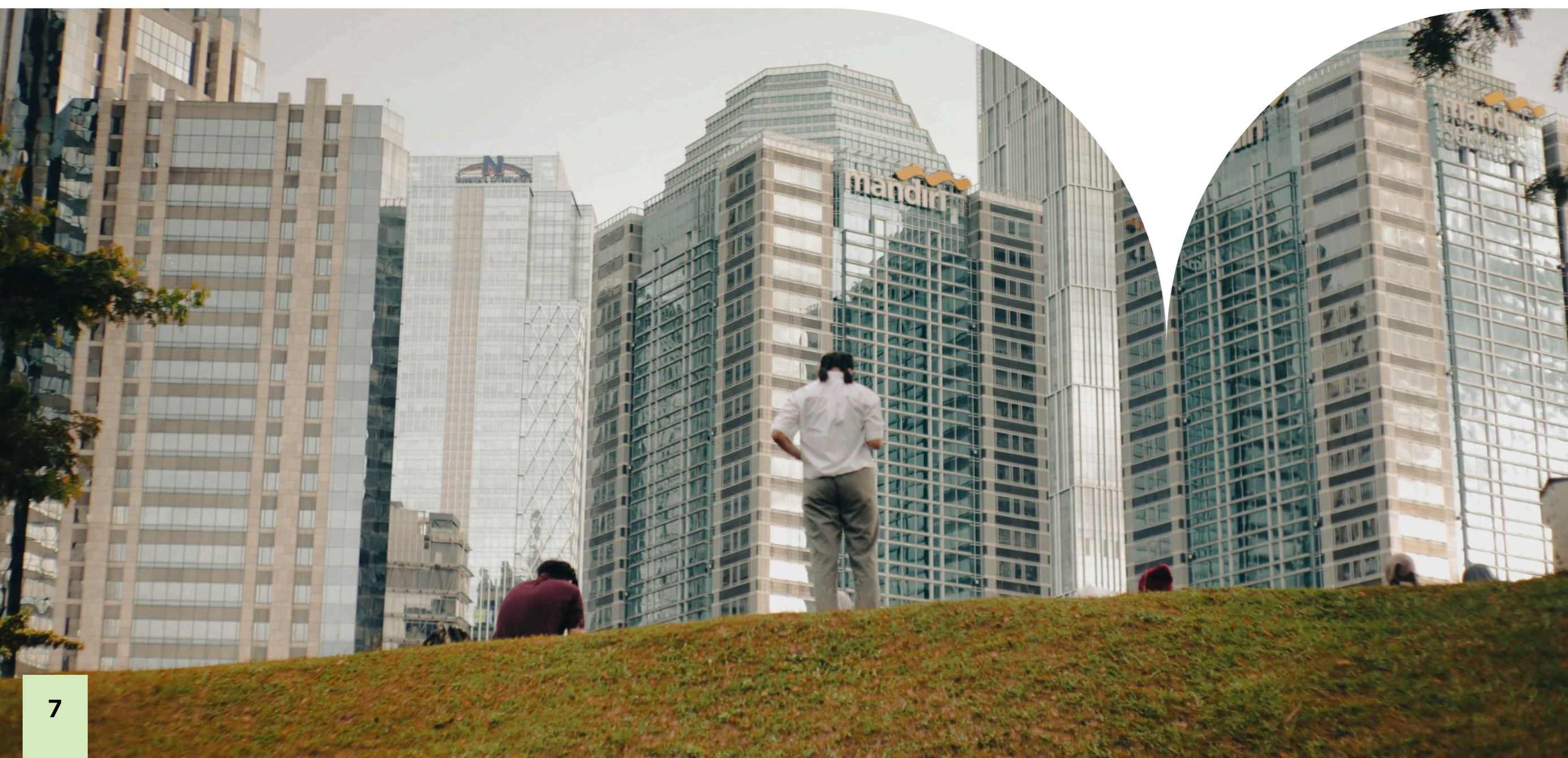
Keterangan

I : Infrastruktur

T : Teknologi

PK : Peningkatan Kapasitas

TKP : Tata Kelola dan Pendanaan





3. LOCATIONS OF NON-GOVERNMENT ACTOR ACTIVITIES

In formulating intervention measures, the Ministry of National Development Planning/Bappenas has identified national priority locations for Climate Resilience Development, which are classified into three categories: super-priority, top-priority, and priority areas. To distinguish activities considered business as usual from those that explicitly contribute to Climate Resilience Development, an overlay analysis was conducted between the activities of non-government actors and the identified Climate Resilience Development priority locations. This mapping exercise

aims to identify priority locations that have already been targeted by intervention implementation, as well as areas that have received limited or minimal interventions. Accordingly, the resulting information is expected to serve as a reference for policymakers in directing more targeted and effective Climate Resilience Development actions. Such targeted interventions are intended to reduce community vulnerability while simultaneously supporting the achievement of national Climate Resilience Development targets in Indonesia.

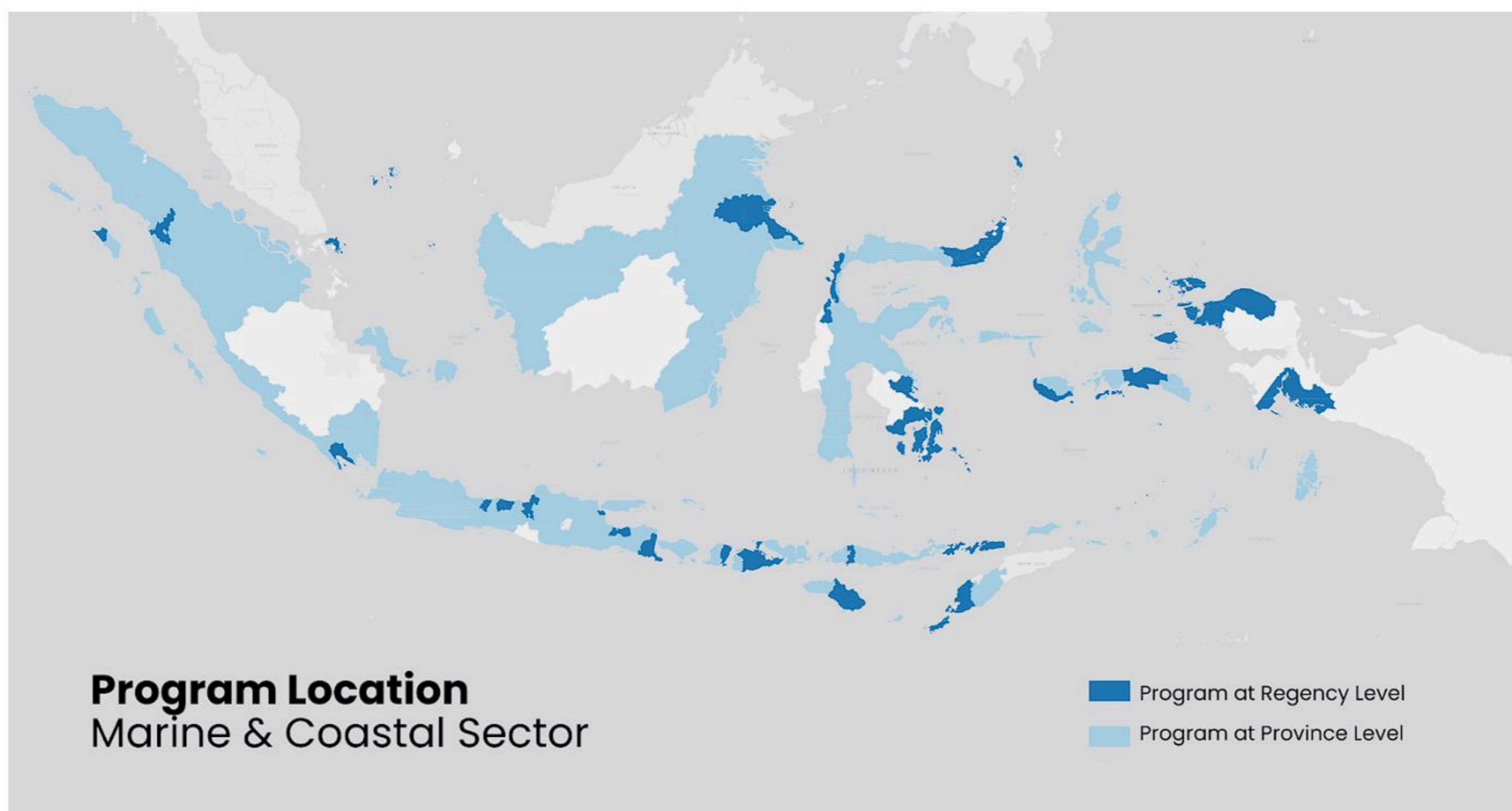


Figure 3. Locations of Non-Government Actors Programmes in the Marine and Coastal Sector

Priority		Province/Regency	Marine and Coastal				Non-State Actor
M	C		I	CB	T	GF	
		Nasional		5		8	1, 6, 12, 33
		Provinsi Aceh				1	30
		Provinsi Sumatera Utara	1			1	31, 30
		Tapanuli Selatan	1				31
TP	P	Nias Utara				1	30
		Provinsi Sumatera Barat				2	24, 30
		Provinsi Riau		1			32
		Provinsi Bengkulu				1	30
		Provinsi Lampung		1	1	2	28, 30
SP	P	Tanggamus		5	1	2	6
		Provinsi Kep. Bangka Belitung		1			29
		Provinsi Kep. Riau					
TP	P	Bintan				1	30
TP	P	Kepulauan Anambas		4			4
		Provinsi DKI Jakarta	1	1		1	11, 31, 24
		Kota Jakarta Utara				1	25
		Provinsi Jawa Barat	1	1			11
		Provinsi Jawa Tengah	1			3	11, 12
TP	TP	Demak	2			2	31, 5, 12
		Semarang		1			29
TP	TP	Batang				1	5
TP	TP	Pekalongan	7	3	2	6	5, 27, 12
P	P	Tegal				1	5
TP	P	Kota Semarang	1			1	27, 12
TP	TP	Kota Pekalongan	1		2	3	27, 12
		Provinsi DI Yogyakarta	1				11
		Provinsi Jawa Timur		4			11
SP	P	Banyuwangi				1	30
SP	SP	Probolinggo		3			6
TP	P	Kota Surabaya				1	25
		Provinsi Banten	1			1	30, 11
		Provinsi Bali		10		2	11, 28, 32, 24

Note

M : Marine
C : Coastal
I : Infrastructure
CB : Capacity Building
T : Technology
GF : Governance and Funding

Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

SP Super Priority
TP Top Priority
P Priority

Non-State Organization Code

Legend	Non-State Organization
1	GIZ
4	Kawung Pitu Institute
5	Kemitraan
6	Kepalangmerahan
8	KONSEPSI
11	LPBI NU
12	Mercy Corps Indonesia
14	Penabulu Foundation
19	RARE Indonesia
24	World Resources Institute
25	Wahana Visi Indonesia (WVI)
27	Yayasan Bina Karta Lestari
28	Yayasan BUMN
29	YKAN
30	Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia
31	Yayasan Lahan Basah (YLBA)
32	Yayasan Madani Berkelanjutan
33	UNDP

Priority		Province/Regency	Marine and Coastal				Non-State Actor
M	C		I	CB	T	GF	
		Provinsi Nusa Tenggara Barat	1				11
SP	P	Lombok Timur				2	8, 25
SP	P	Sumbawa				1	30
		Provinsi Nusa Tenggara Timur	1	4			11, 27, 29
TP		Sumba Timur		1		1	14, 30
TP	P	Kupang		1			14
TP	SP	Alor				1	30
	SP	Lembata		1		1	14
	SP	Manggarai	1	6	1	1	6
TP	P	Rote Ndao		1			14
		Provinsi Kalimantan Barat		1			32
		Provinsi Kalimantan Selatan	1				11
		Provinsi Kalimantan Timur	2				11, 31
TP		Berau		1		1	29
		Provinsi Kalimantan Utara	2				31
		Provinsi Sulawesi Utara					
TP	P	Bolaang Mongondow		1		1	19
TP	TP	Minahasa		1		1	19
	TP	Kepulauan Sangihe		1		1	19
	P	Minahasa Selatan		1		1	19
TP	P	Minahasa Utara		1		1	19
TP	P	Bolaang Mongondow Utara		1		1	19
		Kepulauan Siau Tagulandang Biaro		1		1	19
	SP	Minahasa Tenggara		1		1	19
TP	P	Bolaang Mongondow Selatan		1		1	19
TP	P	Bolaang Mongondow Timur		1		1	19
		Provinsi Sulawesi Tengah		1			32
TP	P	Donggala				1	30
		Provinsi Sulawesi Selatan	1				11

Note

- M : Marine
- C : Coastal
- I : Infrastructure
- CB : Capacity Building
- T : Technology
- GF : Governance and Funding

Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

- SP** Super Priority
- TP** Top Priority
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Non-State Organization Code

Legend	Non-State Organization
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5	Kemitraan
6	Kepalangmerahan
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11	LPBI NU
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29	YKAN
30	Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia
31	Yayasan Lahan Basah (YLBA)
32	Yayasan Madani Berkelanjutan
33	UNDP

Priority		Province/Regency	Marine and Coastal				Non-State Actor
M	C		I	CB	T	GF	
		Provinsi Sulawesi Tenggara					
TP	P	Buton		1		1	19
TP	P	Muna		1		1	19
TP		Konawe					
TP	P	Kolaka					
TP		Konawe Selatan		1		1	19
TP	P	Bombana		1		1	19
TP	P	Wakatobi		2		1	29
TP		Kolaka Utara				1	
TP	P	Buton Utara		1		1	19
TP		Konawe Utara		1			19
		Kolaka Timur					
TP	P	Konawe Kepulauan		1		1	19
TP	P	Muna Barat		1		1	19
TP	SP	Buton Tengah		1		1	19
TP		Buton Selatan		1		1	19
		Provinsi Gorontalo	1				11
		Provinsi Maluku		4		1	19, 31, 30
	P	Maluku Tengah	1				5
TP	P	Buru Selatan	1	5	1	2	6
		Provinsi Maluku Utara		1			19
		Provinsi Papua Barat					
		Fakfak				1	30
TP	P	Kaimana				2	30
		Provinsi Papua Barat Daya					
TP	P	Raja Ampat		2		2	29, 30
TP	P	Sorong		2		1	29
SP		Tambrau		2		1	29
TP	P	Kota Sorong		1			29

Note

M : Marine
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Legend	Non-State Organization
1	GIZ
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31	Yayasan Lahan Basah (YLBA)
32	Yayasan Madani Berkelanjutan
33	UNDP

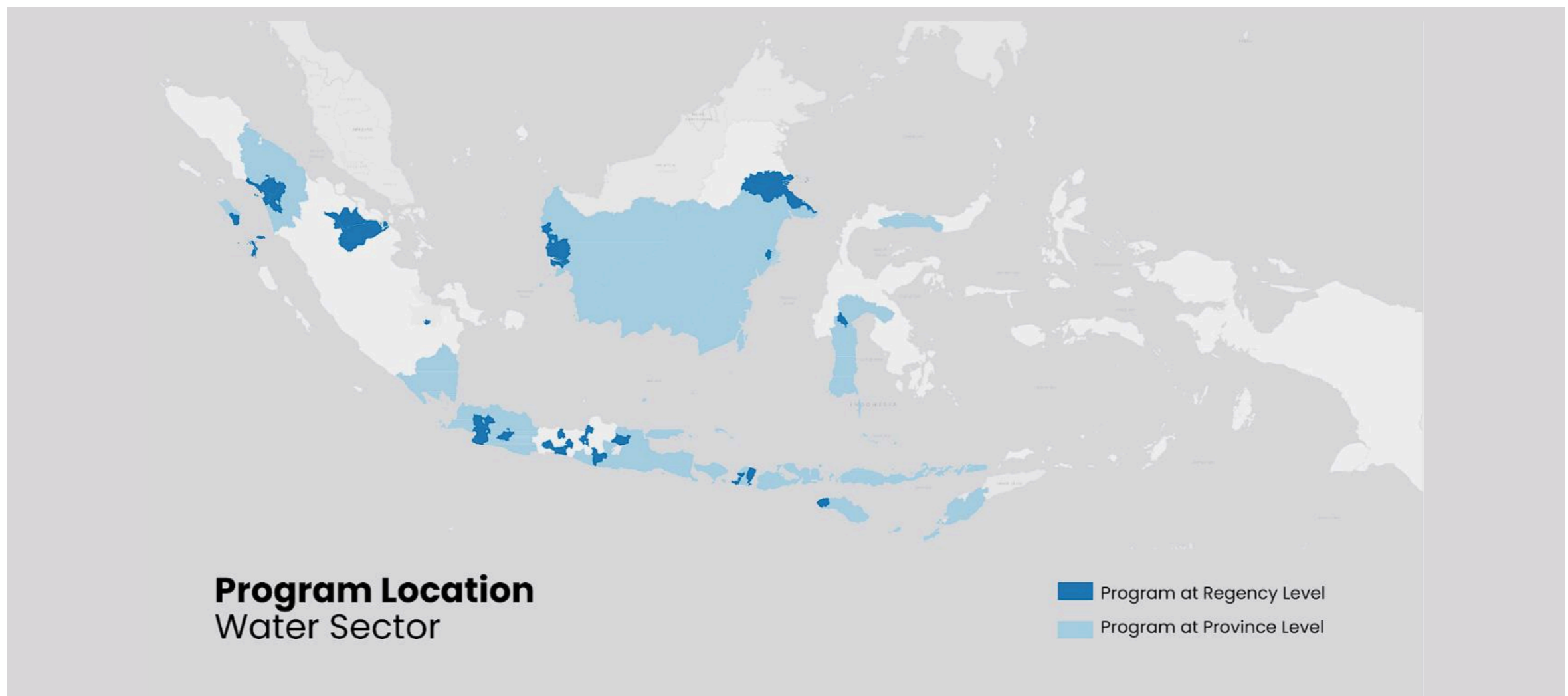


Figure 4. Locations of Non-Government Actors Programmes in the Water Sector

Priority			Province/Regency	Water				Non-State Actor
F	D	L		I	CB	T	GF	
			Nasional	1	4	3	2	17, 22
			Provinsi Sumatera Utara	1				16
		TP	Tapanuli Selatan				1	30
SP	SP	SP	Tapanuli Tengah				1	30
	SP	SP	Tapanuli Utara				1	30
		SP	Nias Selatan				1	25
			Provinsi Riau					
	SP		Pelalawan	1				15
		TP	Siak	1				15
TP			Kota Pekanbaru	1				15
			Provinsi Sumatera Selatan					
TP	TP		Kota Palembang	1				7
			Provinsi Lampung	1				28
			Provinsi DKI Jakarta	1				11
P	P		Kota Jakarta Selatan				1	6

Note:

- F : Flood
- D : Drought
- L : Landslide
- I : Infrastructure
- CB : Capacity Building
- T : Technology
- GF : Governance and Funding

Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

- SP** Super Priority
- TP** Top Priority
- P** Priority

Priority			Province/Regency	Water				Non-State Actor
F	D	L		I	PK	T	TKP	
			Provinsi Jawa Barat	1				11
	TP		Bogor				1	6
	TP	TP	Sukabumi				1	6
TP	P		Bandung	1			1	6, 7
			Provinsi Jawa Tengah					
TP	TP	P	Banyumas	1				7
SP	SP		Kebumen	1				7
TP	TP		Wonosobo	1				7
P	P		Sukoharjo	1				15
P	P		Wonogiri				1	6
TP	P		Demak	1				15
TP	P		Semarang	1				27
SP	TP		Pekalongan	3			2	27, 12
P	P		Kota Surakarta				1	6
TP	TP		Kota Pekalongan	1			1	12
			Provinsi DI Yogyakarta	2				11, 16
			Provinsi Jawa Timur	1				11
SP	SP		Bojonegoro				1	6
			Provinsi Banten	1				11
			Provinsi Bali	1				28
			Provinsi Nusa Tenggara Barat	3	1			11, 16, 18, 14
SP	TP		Lombok Barat				1	14
TP	TP		Lombok Timur				1	14
			Provinsi Nusa Tenggara Timur	1	1	1	1	11, 14, 13
TP	SP		Sumba Barat Daya			1		25
			Provinsi Kalimantan Barat				1	33
SP	SP		Mempawah	1				15
SP	SP		Kubu Raya	1				15
			Provinsi Kalimantan Tengah	1				16
			Provinsi Kalimantan Selatan	1			1	11, 33

Note:

F : Flood
D : Drought
L : Landslide
I : Infrastructure
CB : Capacity Building
T : Technology
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Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

SP Super Priority
TP Top Priority
P Priority

Non-State Organization Code

Legend	Non-State Organization
5	Kemitraan
6	Kepalangmerahan
7	KIAT
11	LPBI NU
12	Mercy Corps Indonesia
13	Oxfam
14	Penabulu Foundation
15	PP Aisyiyah
16	PP Muhammadiyah
17	PT Astra Agro Lestari
18	PT Asuransi Central Asia
22	UNICEF
25	Wahana Visi Indonesia (WVI)
27	Yayasan Bina Karta Lestari
28	Yayasan BUMN
29	YKAN
30	Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia
33	UNDP

Priority			Province/Regency	Water				Non-State Actor
F	D	L		I	PK	T	TKP	
			Provinsi Kalimantan Timur	2			1	11, 16, 33
		TP	Berau		1			29
TP	P	P	Kota Samarinda	1				5
			Provinsi Sulawesi Selatan	1				11
		SP	Toraja Utara			1		5
	SP		Provinsi Gorontalo	1				11

Note:

- F : Flood
- D : Drought
- L : Landslide
- I : Infrastructure
- CB : Capacity Building
- T : Technology
- GF : Governance and Funding

Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

- SP Super Priority
- TP Top Priority
- P Priority

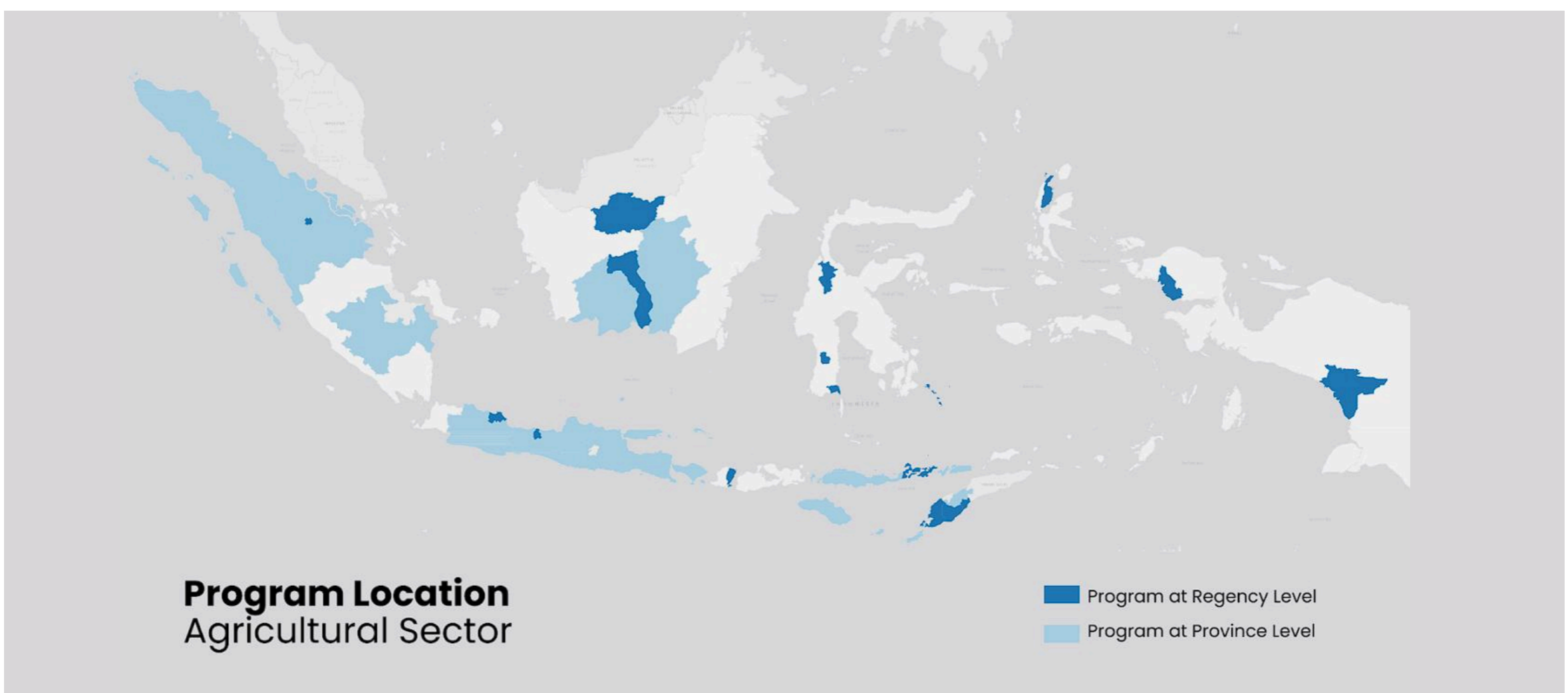


Figure 5. Locations of Non-Government Actors Programmes in the Agriculture Sector

Priority					Province/Regency	Agriculture				Non-State Actor
PF	PD	PP	C	S		I	CB	T	GF	
					Nasional		3		1	2, 15
					Provinsi Aceh		1			2
					Provinsi Sumatera Utara				1	18
					Provinsi Sumatera Barat		1			2
					Provinsi Riau		1			34
				TP	Kota Pekanbaru		2			34
					Provinsi Sumatera Selatan				1	18

Note:

- PB : Paddy-Flood
- PK : Paddy-Drought
- PO : Paddy-Pest and Disease (OPT)
- C : Chili
- S : Shallot
- I : Infrastructure
- PK : Capacity Building
- T : Technology
- TKP : Governance and Funding

Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

- SP Super Priority
- TP Top Priority
- P Priority

Priority					Province/Regency	Agriculture				Non-State Actor
PF	PD	PP	C	S		I	CB	T	GF	
					Prov. Jawa Barat		2		1	2, 34, 18
TP	P	P			Indramayu		1			1
					Prov. Jawa Tengah		1	1	1	34, 18
SP	SP	TP	SP		Pekalongan	3	2			12
					Kota Pekalongan		2			12
					Prov. DI Yogyakarta		1			2
					Prov. Jawa Timur		1	1	1	34, 18
					Prov. Bali		1			34
					Prov. Nusa Tenggara Barat					
	TP		TP		Lombok Timur				2	8, 13
					Prov. Nusa Tenggara Timur		1		1	1, 13
					Kupang		2			25, 34
SP	SP		SP		Timor Tengah Selatan		1			13
					Lembata				1	13
TP	TP				Flores Timur				1	13
SP	SP		SP		Malaka		1			13
					Prov. Kalimantan Barat					
SP		SP			Kapuas Hulu			1		32
					Prov. Kalimantan Tengah					16
		SP			Katingan				1	26
					Prov. Sulawesi Tengah					
TP	TP	TP	TP		Sigi		4	1		12, 25
					Prov. Sulawesi Selatan					
TP	TP				Bulukumba			2		5
SP	SP		SP		Soppeng		1			34
					Prov. Sulawesi Tenggara					
			SP		Wakatobi				1	29
					Prov. Maluku Utara					
	TP				Halmahera Utara		1			25
					Prov. Papua Barat Daya					
			SP		Sorong Selatan				1	30
					Prov. Papua Selatan					
					Asmat		1			25

Note:

- PB : Paddy-Flood
- PK : Paddy-Drought
- PO : Paddy-Pest and Disease (OPT)
- C : Chili
- S : Shallot
- I : Infrastructure
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- T : Technology
- TKP : Governance and Funding

Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

- SP Super Priority
- TP Top Priority
- P Priority

Non-State Organization Code

Legend	Non-State Organization
1	GIZ
2	GAIN
5	Kemitraan
8	KONSEPSI
12	Mercy Corps Indonesia
13	Oxfam
15	PP Aisyiyah
16	PP Muhammadiyah
18	PT Asuransi Central Asia
25	Wahana Visi Indonesia (WVI)
25	Wahana Visi Indonesia (WVI)
26	World Wildlife Fund (WWF)
29	YKAN
30	Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia
32	Yayasan Madani Berkelanjutan
34	Adakarbon

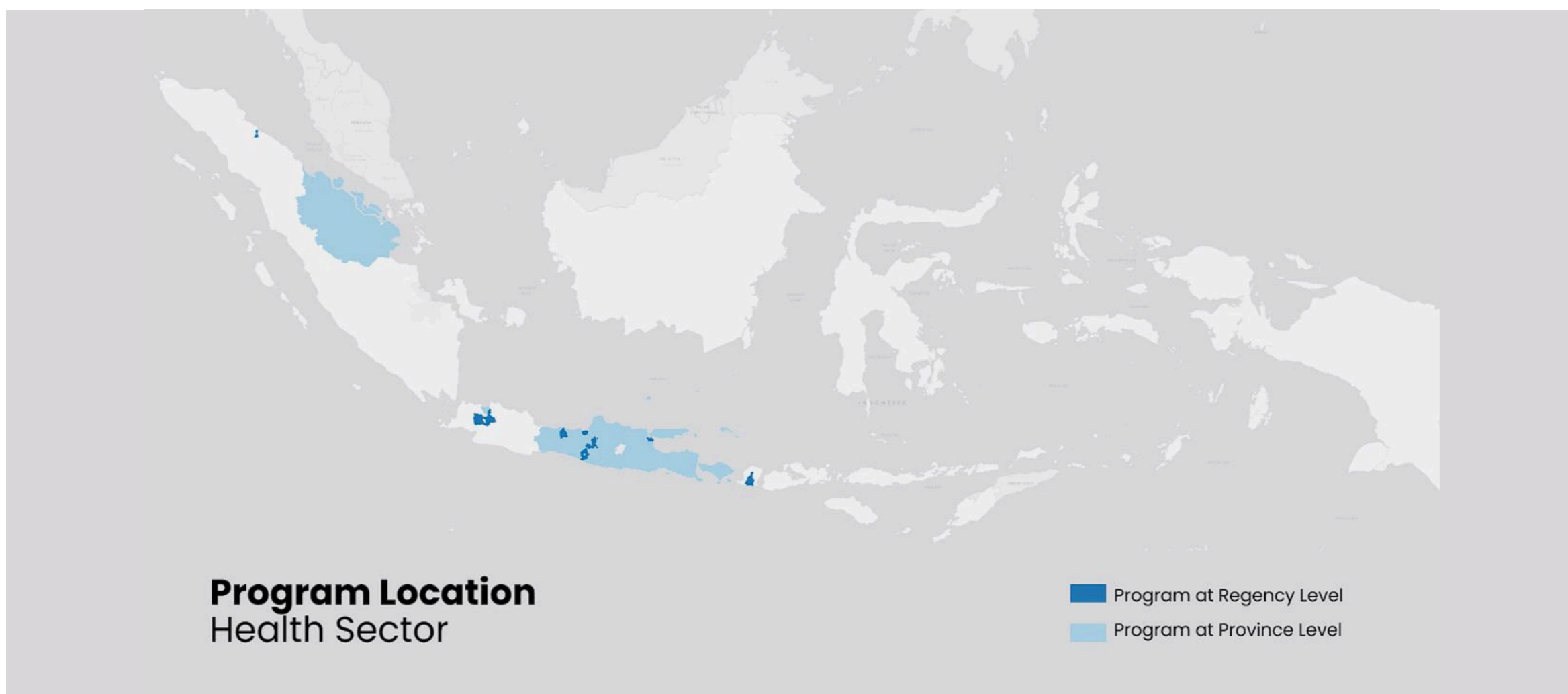


Figure 6. Locations of Non-Government Actors Programmes in the Health Sector

Priority				Province/Regency	Health				Non-State Actor
DBD	M	P	D		I	CB	T	GF	
				Nasional		8	2	2	22, 23
				Prov. Sumatera Utara					
TP			P	Kota Medan		2		2	6
				Prov. Riau		1			23
				Prov. DKI Jakarta		3			23
				Prov. Jawa Barat					
TP		SP	P	Bogor		1			6
TP		P	P	Kota Bekasi		1			23
				Prov. Jawa Tengah		1			15
TP		P	P	Boyolali	1				6
		P	P	Pekalongan		1			27
P		TP	P	Kota Surakarta		1			23
P		P	P	Kota Semarang		1			27
				Prov. DI Yogyakarta		2			23
P		P	TP	Bantul		1			23
P		TP	TP	Sleman		1			23
				Prov. Jawa Timur		1			15
P		P	P	Kota Surabaya		2		2	6
				Prov. Bali		1			6
				Prov. Nusa Tenggara Barat					
		P	P	Lombok Tengah		1			8

Keterangan:

- DBD : Demam Berdarah Dengue
- M : Malaria
- P : Pneumonia
- D : Diarrhea
- I : Infrastructure
- PK : Capacity Building
- T : Technology
- TKP : Governance and Funding

Priority Level of Climate Resilient Development Activities:

- SP Super Priority
- TP Top Priority
- P Priority

Non-State Organization Code

Legend	Non-State Organization Code
22	UNICEF
23	World Health Organization
6	Kepalangmerahan
15	PP Aisyiyah
27	Yayasan Bina Karta Lestari
8	KONSEPSI

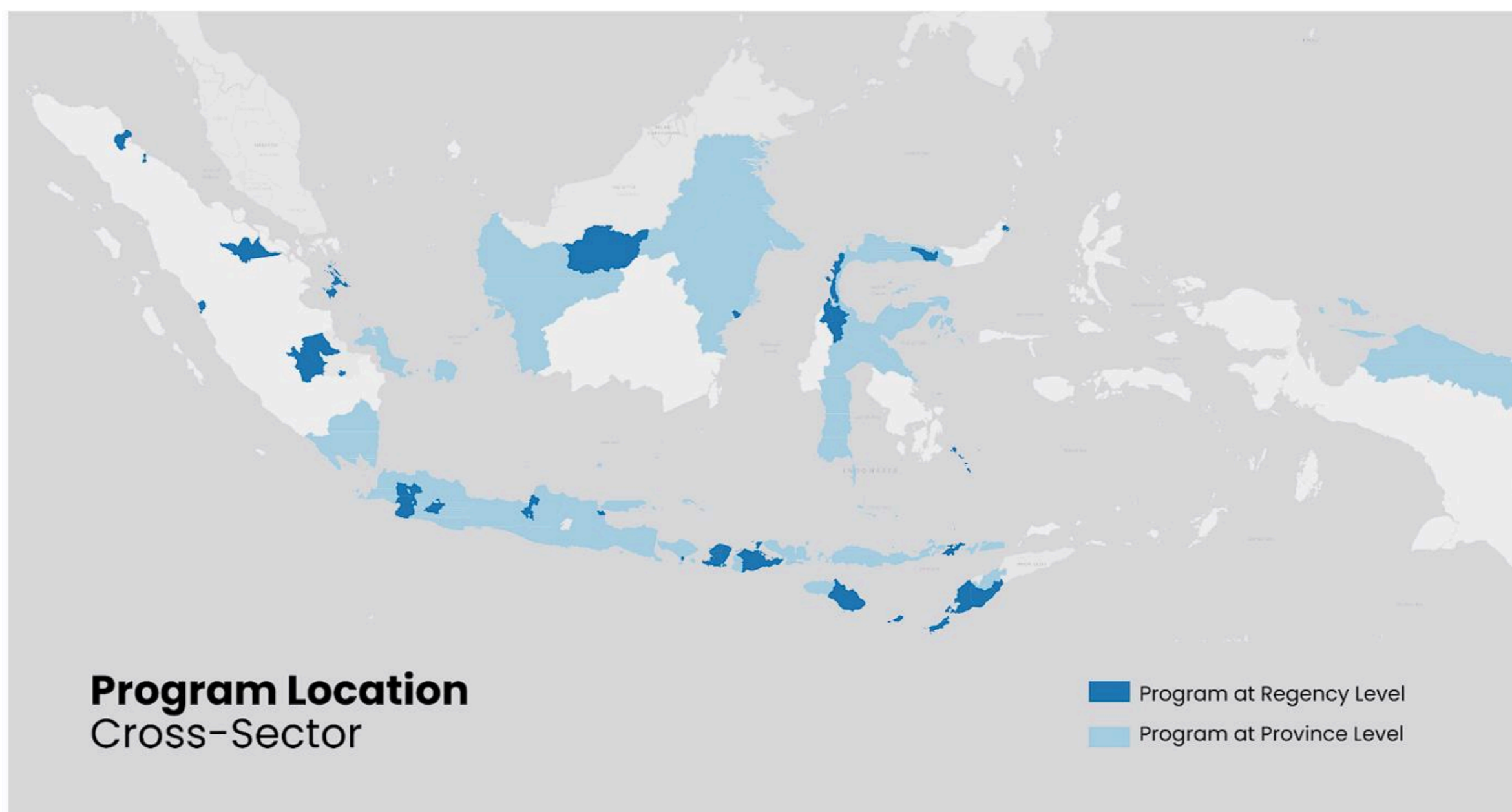
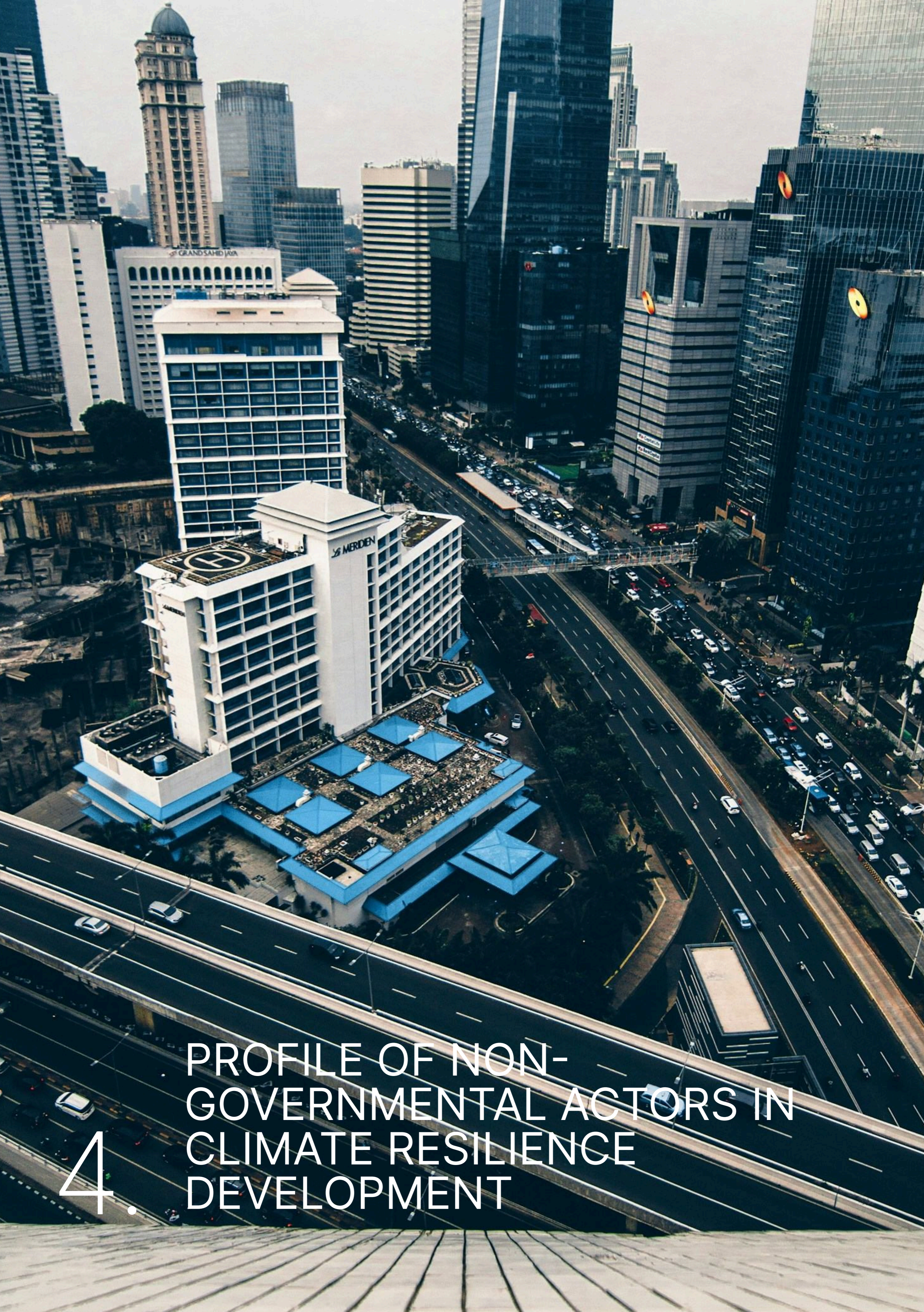


Figure 7. Locations of Non-Government Actors Programmes Cross-Sector





4. PROFILE OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL ACTORS IN CLIMATE RESILIENCE DEVELOPMENT

The profile of non-governmental organizations is intended to serve as a strategic source of information to facilitate coordination and collaboration among institutions, particularly in advancing convergent actions for Climate Resilience Development. A comprehensive understanding of institutional profiles enables the establishment of sustained communication channels and supports effective

matchmaking among programs and initiatives. Through strengthened inter-organizational linkages, climate adaptation actions can be better aligned, synergized, and scaled up, thereby enhancing their overall effectiveness and ensuring that interventions generate meaningful and measurable impacts for intended beneficiaries of climate resilience initiatives.

GIZ Climb, CLARITY, Green Economy Transformation (GET) 4.0		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) is a German government-owned development cooperation agency mandated to support capacity development and international development cooperation. GIZ has been operating in Indonesia since 1975. Following a series of bilateral negotiations initiated in 2013, cooperation between Indonesia and Germany has been structured around three core development pillars: (i) energy and climate change, (ii) inclusive growth that benefits broad segments of society, and (iii) good governance and global partnerships.</p>	<p>Climate and Biodiversity</p>	<p>Through its CLIMB, CLARITY, and GET 4.0 programs, GIZ plays a significant role in supporting analytical studies and policy-oriented research related to Climate Resilient Development. These initiatives contribute to the formulation of national-level climate resilience policies, as well as to the strengthening of governance frameworks and climate finance mechanisms. GIZ's interventions emphasize evidence-based policymaking, institutional capacity building, and the integration of climate resilience considerations into development planning processes.</p>
Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN) Indonesia		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>The Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN) was established during the United Nations Conference in 2002 to address human suffering caused by malnutrition. GAIN is a Switzerland-based global foundation that mobilizes public-private partnerships and provides financial and technical support to deliver nutritious food to populations most at risk of undernutrition. In Indonesia, GAIN contributes to combating malnutrition through innovative and sustainable program models that aim to enhance access to affordable and nutritious food among vulnerable populations. These initiatives are implemented in collaboration with both government agencies and the private sector.</p> <p>Since 2013, GAIN has been active in Indonesia in partnership with the Ministry of Health of the Republic of Indonesia, implementing programs including:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fortification of cooking oil with Vitamin A and salt iodization 2. Nutritional improvement during the first 1,000 days of life 3. Adolescent nutrition enhancement through targeted nutrition education 4. Increased access to nutritious food through post-harvest loss reduction and urban nutrition governance 5. Strengthening enabling environments for balanced and healthy diets 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Environment, climate, and food-nutrition systems • Food governance • Food culture • Social protection and nutrition • Work force nutrition 	<p>Within the food and nutrition sector, GAIN supports the development of regulations, analytical studies, and pilot programs for environmentally sustainable and climate-resilient local food systems. These initiatives are complemented by campaigns promoting the consumption of locally produced, nutritious, and climate-resilient food. Through these integrated efforts, GAIN contributes to strengthening food system resilience, enhancing adaptive capacity, and advancing Climate Resilient Development in Indonesia.</p>

ICLEI – Local Governments for Sustainability		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>ICLEI is a global network of institutions engaged in capacity building and cooperation, encompassing over 2,500 committed regional and local governments dedicated to sustainable urban development. The organization is committed to advancing sustainable policies by mobilizing local action towards low-emission, nature-based, equitable, resilient, and circular urban development.</p>	<p>ICLEI provides technical support and guidance to local government members in designing and mainstreaming programs that enhance both resilience and sustainability at the local level. The organization acts as a bridge between local governments and experts, industry actors, academia, and national and international agencies, facilitating networks that identify potential solutions to urban challenges.</p>	<p>To strengthen sustainable development at the local level, ICLEI focuses on enhancing the capacity of regional leaders to address urban challenges effectively. This is implemented through targeted training programs for local governments, designed to improve understanding of climate resilience, adaptive governance, and inclusive engagement of vulnerable groups.</p>
Kawungpitu Institute		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>Kawungpitu was established by a group of young professionals with extensive experience in community organization and development in Bogor, West Java. It is a non-profit organization dedicated to promoting sustainable livelihoods based on local knowledge, wisdom, and potential, through three core pillars: (i) sustainable resource management, (ii) community capacity strengthening, and (iii) enhancing community resilience in the context of the climate crisis.</p>	<p>To achieve its objectives, Kawungpitu employs several key strategies, including community organizing, community development, capacity building, participatory research, advocacy, and modelling. The organization initiated its engagement in climate resilience by conducting participatory research, which has since evolved to encompass community organization, development, capacity building, and modelling.</p>	<p>Kawungpitu’s climate resilience initiatives involve participatory research, community organization, development, capacity enhancement, and collaborative modelling with local communities. These activities aim to harness local knowledge for sustainable natural resource management, raise community awareness of the climate crisis, and promote alternative, sustainable livelihoods.</p>
Kemitraan		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>Kemitraan is an independent organization that facilitates collaborative governance reform processes to realize a more prosperous Indonesia. In its operations, Kemitraan engages a broad spectrum of stakeholders, including government institutions, political actors, civil society, and the private sector. The organization’s primary objective is to strengthen organizational capacities to promote good governance practices across Indonesia.</p>	<p>Kemitraan concentrates on enhancing governance by promoting improved public service delivery, institutional integrity, inclusivity, environmental sustainability, and regional collaboration.</p>	<p>Kemitraan contributes to Climate Resilience Development by implementing interventions across four priority sectors, with a particular emphasis on the coastal and marine sector. Its approach integrates infrastructure development, technological solutions, and governance and financing mechanisms to strengthen climate resilience at both community and institutional levels.</p>

Kepalangmerahan (PMI, IFRC, AmRC)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
The Red Cross / Red Crescent is an international network of organizations dedicated to providing long-term humanitarian services, development programs, and disaster response. As stipulated under Law No. 1 of 2018, the Movement is mandated to conduct social assistance activities, including support for victims of civil disturbances and other emergencies, as well as to implement disaster management both domestically and internationally.	The organization primarily operates in the coastal and marine sector, health, and general disaster risk reduction activities.	The Red Cross / Red Crescent contributes to Climate Resilient Development through the mainstreaming of climate adaptation strategies, community capacity building, and the development of analytical studies that inform policy-making. Additionally, the organization supports improvements in governance and financing mechanisms that strengthen community and institutional resilience to climate-related risks.
KIAT		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
The Indonesia–Australia Infrastructure Partnership (KIAT) is a ten-year collaboration between the Australian Government and the Government of Indonesia aimed at supporting sustainable and inclusive economic growth by enhancing equitable access to infrastructure.	KIAT engages with government counterparts, multilateral development banks (MDBs), and civil society to provide technical assistance that strengthens infrastructure policy, planning, and delivery. The program also collaborates with local governments to improve the quality of infrastructure expenditure and planning. Through its engagement with both central and regional authorities, KIAT seeks to achieve five End-of-Facility Outcomes (EFOs), one of which focuses on the enhancement of policy, planning, and design to deliver low-emission and climate-resilient infrastructure.	In the domain of climate change, KIAT supports the Government of Indonesia by collaborating on the assessment of climate impacts on infrastructure and developing tools for greenhouse gas estimation and ESG materiality assessment in project development. Furthermore, KIAT enhances project readiness by integrating climate considerations throughout project preparation, thereby contributing directly to Climate Resilient Development in Indonesia's infrastructure sector.
Konsorsium untuk Studi dan Pengembangan Partisipasi (KONSEPSI)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
KONSEPSI was established to respond to societal dynamics and development challenges, particularly in the management of natural resources and the environment. The organization addresses issues related to poverty, inequality, democracy, community participation, environmental protection, natural resource sustainability, and sustainable development. Its vision is to serve as a centre of excellence for socially equitable transformation.	KONSEPSI operates in the fields of environmental research and public policy analysis. The organization initiated its contributions to Climate Resilience Development in 2015, with the majority of its interventions concentrated in the four priority sectors of climate resilience, as well as activities in the water sector and, to a lesser extent, the health sector. The interventions primarily involve capacity building, with a subset addressing governance and financing. All climate resilience activities are geographically focused within West Nusa Tenggara Province.	KONSEPSI's climate resilience initiatives focus on enhancing community and institutional adaptive capacity across key sectors. Activities include strengthening disaster resilience of communities and MSMEs, implementing community-based forest and water management, promoting sanitation and health programs, and supporting climate adaptation working groups. These interventions advance sustainable resource management and contribute to integrated Climate Resilience Development in West Nusa Tenggara.

LAMFI (Lembaga Akreditasi Mutu Fasyankes Indonesia)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
LAMFI is a professional, independent, non-profit institution that provides accreditation for Community Health Centers, Clinics, Health Laboratories, and Blood Transfusion Units (UTD) that was established in January 2023. LAMFI aims to support the improvement of health facilities to provide better services and enhance quality through the enhancement of promotive and preventive services in accordance with standards, in an effort to support the realization of universal health coverage to achieve optimal health outcomes.	Health Service Accreditation	LAMFI contributes to improving the resilience of priority health sectors by increasing human resource capacity, strengthening climate-resilient health facility infrastructure, conducting health studies related to climate change to support policy and governance strengthening, and increasing capacity through health promotion and education.
Lembaga Penanggulangan Bencana dan Perubahan Iklim Nahdlatul Ulama (LPBI NU)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Nahdlatul Ulama (NU) is the largest socio-religious organization in Indonesia, founded in 1926 by prominent Islamic scholars. NU currently has approximately 100 million members, predominantly in rural areas, with an organizational structure spanning national to village levels, encompassing religious leaders, educators, fishers, farmers, traders, and representatives in executive, legislative, and judicial bodies. The NU Disaster Management and Climate Change Institute (LPBI NU) was established to implement NU's policies and programs in disaster management, climate change mitigation, and environmental preservation. LPBI NU was formally established during the 32nd NU Congress in Makassar (2010) and reorganized under SK No. 19/A.II.04/09/2015 following the 33rd NU Congress in Jombang (2015).	LPBI NU's organizational structure covers: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Research & Development 2. Institutional & Policy Advocacy 3. Disaster Risk Management 4. Emergency Response & Disaster Rehabilitation/Reconstruction 5. Knowledge Management & Networking 6. Climate Change Mitigation and Environmental Preservation 	LPBI NU contributes to disaster risk reduction, climate change mitigation, and environmental sustainability through policy advocacy, research, and stakeholder coordination at provincial and district levels. Its interventions include institutional strengthening, issue mainstreaming, community capacity building, climate change control, humanitarian assistance distribution, and active participation in national and international forums addressing disaster risk reduction and climate resilience.
Lingkar Temu Kabupaten Lestari (LTKL)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Lingkar Temu Kabupaten Lestari (LTKL) is an association of regency governments under APKASI, established to promote sustainable and self-reliant development that preserves the environment while enhancing community welfare through collective action. LTKL comprises nine member regencies across six provinces—Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sanggau, Sintang, Kapuas Hulu, Gorontalo, Bone Bolango, and Sigi—and collaborates with 26 multi-stakeholder networks at local, national, and global levels.	LTKL supports member regencies in formulating sustainable development strategies, strengthening institutional and human resource capacity, connecting members with strategic partners, and promoting evidence-based, innovative policymaking. Its activities encompass inclusive program implementation, sustainable business and investment modeling, impact measurement, and narrative amplification.	LTKL plays a strategic role in climate resilient development by integrating jurisdictional approaches into regency-level planning. It assists member regencies in conserving at least 50% of forest cover in designated areas (APL) and safeguarding critical ecosystems while ensuring inclusive development that improves the livelihoods of over one million local residents through sustainable economy schemes based on regional potential. Furthermore, LTKL facilitates the development of adaptive local development models that account for ecosystem thresholds, enabling regencies to enhance adaptive capacity and implement sustainable, climate resilience strategies.

Mercy Corps Indonesia (MCI)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>Mercy Corps Indonesia, an affiliate of Mercy Corps Global, has operated in Indonesia since 1999 and was formally established as a national foundation in 2012. The organization empowers communities to transform local challenges into sustainable opportunities, having positively impacted over 15 million lives across urban, rural, and coastal regions, including Java, Sumatra, Bali, Sulawesi, Nusa Tenggara, Maluku, Papua, and Papua Barat.</p>	<p>Mercy Corps Indonesia focuses on enhancing economic opportunities, financial inclusion, climate and disaster resilience, and emergency response. Programs employ multi-dimensional development approaches, combining market-based strategies, community-driven resilience initiatives, and participatory problem-solving. The organization facilitates collaboration among private sector actors, government institutions, research entities, and local communities to co-develop scalable, evidence-based solutions, including innovative technology-driven models for poverty reduction.</p>	<p>Recognizing that climate-related risks threaten livelihoods and long-term community sustainability, Mercy Corps Indonesia integrates climate adaptation and disaster risk reduction into its programs. Since 2009, it has partnered with communities, government agencies, the private sector, and academic institutions to design and implement evidence-based, scalable interventions. Approaches include capacity building, policy advocacy, climate-smart planning, and economic resilience initiatives, emphasizing locally-led processes and indigenous knowledge to ensure sustainable, long-term community resilience.</p> <p>Key climate resilience programs include Asian Cities Climate Change Resilience Network (ACCCRN), Climate Adaptation and Disaster Resilience, Building Resilience through Gender and Empowerment Integration, Transboundary Flood Risk Management, Zurich Flood Resilience Program, Zurich Climate Resilience Alliance, and Managing Risk through Economic Development. Programmatic interventions cover critical sectors such as coastal and marine, water, and agriculture, reinforcing resilience and adaptive capacity in communities exposed to climate hazards.</p>
Oxford Committee for Famine Relief (Oxfam)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>Oxfam Indonesia is part of the global Oxfam network, committed to leveraging practical and innovative approaches to empower communities in alleviating poverty.</p>	<p>Oxfam focuses on women's empowerment and the realization of rights, facilitating stakeholder engagement to reduce inequality and poverty while enhancing disaster resilience.</p>	<p>Oxfam Indonesia strengthens climate resilience by enhancing smallholder farmers' adaptive capacity to climate change impacts, promoting economic justice, and supporting community-level climate adaptation through capacity building and participatory initiatives.</p>
Penabulu Foundation		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>Penabulu is a civil society organization dedicated to strengthening local initiatives and sustainable solutions to promote social, gender, economic, and climate justice, ensuring a future free from poverty and inequity.</p>	<p>Established in 2002, Penabulu focuses on building the capacity of civil society across key sectors, including basic services, disaster management, environment and climate, rural development, and community empowerment.</p>	<p>Penabulu contributes to climate resilience development by supporting climate-resilient policies through capacity building, governance, and funding interventions, with particular attention to vulnerable and marginalized groups.</p>
Lembaga Lingkungan Hidup dan Penanggulangan Bencana Pimpinan Pusat Aisyiyah		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
<p>LLHPB PP Aisyiyah is a supporting body of the Aisyiyah Central Leadership, formally established in 2015 to address environmental issues and disaster management through sustainable organizational practices. The organization strengthens its impact via capacity building, coordination, and member consolidation.</p>	<p>LLHPB focuses on environmental protection and disaster risk reduction. Its programs emphasize fostering community awareness, promoting environmentally responsible behavior, and enhancing adaptive capacity to climate change.</p>	<p>LLHPB contributes to climate resilience development by promoting climate adaptation and disaster risk reduction at the community level, supporting the growth of environmental stewardship and locally led resilience initiatives.</p>

Majelis Lingkungan Hidup Pimpinan Pusat Muhammadiyah		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Majelis Lingkungan Hidup (MLH) PP Muhammadiyah evolved from the Lembaga Lingkungan Hidup (LLH) to strengthen Muhammadiyah's commitment in addressing escalating environmental challenges. The organization aims to enhance public awareness, understanding, and sustainable environmental management practices.	MLH focuses on environmental capacity building and community engagement in environmental stewardship.	MLH contributes to climate resilience development by increasing community understanding of climate change and promoting soft infrastructure interventions, such as tree planting, to support ecosystem conservation and adaptive practices.
PT Astra Agro Lestari		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
PT Astra Agro Lestari Tbk, a subsidiary of PT Astra International Tbk, was founded in 1988 and is a pioneering player in Indonesia's palm oil industry. The company has evolved its focus exclusively on palm oil plantations, aligning its operations with national development and community welfare objectives. In 2022, the company launched the Astra Agro Sustainability Aspiration 2030, integrating Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) within an Environment, Social, and Governance (ESG) framework, executed through the Triple-P Roadmap (Portfolio, People, Public Contribution) with Good Corporate Governance (GCG) as the key enabler.	PT Astra Agro Lestari emphasizes sustainable agricultural practices, technology-driven plantation management, and climate-resilient crop development.	The company contributes to climate resilience by developing climate-resilient palm oil varieties, optimizing resource management for environmental efficiency, and integrating sustainable practices within plantation operations to support adaptive agriculture and long-term ecological sustainability.
PT Asuransi Central Asia (ACA)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
PT ACA is a leading general insurance company in Indonesia, recognized as one of the national insurers with the largest asset base. The company operates through 79 branch offices and representative networks across the country.	General insurance services, with emphasis on risk management solutions for various sectors.	ACA contributes to climate resilience by issuing agricultural insurance policies that require farmers to implement climate risk-integrated standard operating procedures (SOPs), promoting disciplined and adaptive farming practices that reduce vulnerability to climate impacts.
RARE Indonesia		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Rare is an organization that leverages human potential to protect natural resources and address climate change. Its solutions are community-based and human-capital driven.	Behavioral change among small-scale fishers through community-based management and granting of access rights to marine areas.	Rare implements programs primarily focused on governance, financing, and capacity building, with some initiatives in infrastructure and technology development, predominantly in the coastal and marine sector, to strengthen community resilience against climate impacts.

Save The Children		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Save The Children Indonesia is part of the global Save the Children movement, operating in 110 countries worldwide. The organization is committed to providing training and resources to empower communities, prioritizing the rights and well-being of children.	Strengthening protection, survival, development, and participation of children, with programs covering health and nutrition, education, child protection, child poverty alleviation, and child rights governance.	Contributes to Climate Resilience Development by building community capacity through training, planning, and implementation programs that focus on children as the primary beneficiaries.
UCLG ASPAC		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
United Cities and Local Governments Asia Pacific (UCLG ASPAC) emerged from the International Union of Local Authorities (IULA) and provides services to member cities as key knowledge hubs for local government issues across the Asia-Pacific region.	Promotes inclusive societies emphasizing social and economic justice, sustainable development, local economic growth, climate action, disaster resilience, culture, strategic planning, decentralization, government financing, gender equality, women's leadership, environmental sustainability, and good governance. Activities include advocacy, training and capacity building, research, knowledge management, and project implementation.	Supports Climate Resilience Development by enhancing collaboration, networking, and capacity of local governments to integrate climate action into urban development planning.
UNDP		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
UNDP is committed to supporting national development priorities and the implementation of the National Medium-Term Development Plan (RPJMN) 2020–2024, as well as Indonesia's broader national and subnational development visions, strategies, and plans. UNDP works with the Government of Indonesia to reduce poverty, promote inclusive economic growth, address inequalities across social groups and regions, and support the achievement of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals by 2030 throughout the country.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Democratic Governance: Strengthening inclusive governance and public participation. • Environment and Climate Action: Advancing climate mitigation, adaptation, and climate resilience. • Gender Equality: Promoting gender mainstreaming and women's empowerment. • Crisis Prevention: Enhancing disaster risk reduction and post-crisis recovery. 	UNDP contributes to climate resilience by strengthening policy frameworks, institutional arrangements, and adaptive capacity at both national and local levels, while linking on-the-ground implementation with evidence-based policy formulation.
UNICEF		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
UNICEF has been operating in Indonesia since 1969, supporting the fulfillment of children's and women's rights. Programs aim to promote equitable opportunities, particularly for the most vulnerable populations.	Ensuring the survival, development, and potential of children through research, reports, and evidence-based support for policy planning, financing, and equitable delivery of health, protection, and education services.	Contributes to Climate Resilience Development by strengthening youth capacity to understand and actively engage in climate action. Additionally, UNICEF conducts research to support governance and financing mechanisms for climate-resilient development.

World Health Organization (WHO) Indonesia		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
WHO is committed to improving health quality, safety, and services, particularly for vulnerable populations, guided by fundamental human rights, equity, and global health standards.	Strengthening health systems, international health regulations, and preparedness for epidemics, pandemics, and health emergencies.	Supports Climate Resilience Development by providing technical guidance to governments on climate-sensitive health planning and advocating WHO global standards to strengthen climate-resilient health systems.
World Resources Institute (WRI) Indonesia		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Founded in Indonesia as Yayasan Institut Sumber Daya Dunia, WRI is a global non-profit organization that collaborates with government, business, and civil society to conduct research, planning, and implement practical solutions that improve livelihoods while ensuring environmental sustainability.	WRI Indonesia focuses on independent studies supporting inclusive and sustainable socio-economic development, particularly in five key areas: Forests and Land Use, Climate, Energy, Cities and Transport, and Oceans.	Supports Climate Resilience Development by producing research and analysis that strengthen governance and financing mechanisms for climate resilience development policies.
Wahana Visi Indonesia (WVI)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
WVI is a Christian humanitarian organization that empowers children, families, and vulnerable communities through community development, advocacy, and disaster response. Operating for over 20 years, WVI implements long-term, area-based programs (10–15 years) via local offices to achieve sustainable impact without discrimination of religion, ethnicity, or gender.	WVI's multi-sector programs span child protection, health, education, and economic development, reaching over 1.2 million children and 1.8 million adults across 197 districts/cities in 19 provinces. Programs integrate climate resilience and GEDSI (Gender Equality, Disability, and Social Inclusion) through transformational development, advocacy, and disaster preparedness approaches.	WVI mainstreams climate adaptation and mitigation into its multi-sector programs while maintaining inclusivity. Initiatives include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Community capacity building (farmers' groups, women's groups, youth, indigenous leaders) • Climate-smart agriculture and promotion of good agricultural practices • Sustainable water management and watershed protection through Integrated-WASH programs • Coastal and mangrove ecosystem protection linked with livelihoods through Regreening Communities Additionally, WVI educates youth on climate action and environmental stewardship, ensuring locally-led, participatory approaches underpin long-term climate resilience.
World Wildlife Fund (WWF) Indonesia		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
WWF Indonesia is an independent conservation organization established to address the complex relationship between human activity and nature. It develops practical solutions and mobilizes stakeholders and supporters for conservation action.	Committed to sustainable development, WWF Indonesia focuses on natural resource governance that supports ecosystem conservation and biodiversity, ensuring sustainable, equitable management for the well-being of current and future generations.	WWF Indonesia contributes to climate resilience by strengthening governance and financing mechanisms, building community capacity, and raising awareness on climate-related knowledge and issues.

Yayasan Agathis Dammara Karbon		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Yayasan Agathis Dammara Karbon (Adakarbon) is a non-profit organization in Indonesia focusing on nature-based solutions for climate change mitigation and sustainable agriculture. It develops and promotes biochar utilization, farmer empowerment, and carbon projects delivering social, economic, and environmental benefits through training, research, and strategic partnerships.	Focuses on environmental sustainability, innovation, and technology development in the agricultural sector.	Provides training and capacity building for farmers to convert organic waste into biochar, reducing emissions from open burning of agricultural residues while improving soil fertility, carbon sequestration, and land productivity.
Yayasan Bina Karta Lestari (Bintari)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Bintari is a non-governmental organization established in 1986 with its headquarters in Semarang. The foundation aims to be a leading partner in fostering resilient and sustainable communities through research, consultancy, capacity building, and training.	Focuses on waste management, climate change, disaster risk reduction, and water resource management.	Since 2017, Bintari has contributed to Climate Resilience Development by strengthening community resilience. As of 2025, its efforts have primarily focused on capacity building and governance within priority sectors of climate-resilient development.
Yayasan BUMN		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Yayasan BUMN is a non-profit organization established on 31 December 2018, operating in social, humanitarian, and religious sectors. The foundation initiated a transformation on 5 July 2025 to amplify the impact of its programs. Its vision is "Building Mind, Body, and Nature for Indonesia," aligned with SDGs.	Focuses on health, environment, education, and community empowerment. Key areas include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health: Maternal & Child Health, Mental Health Environment: Sustainable Food Systems, Waste Management 	Contributes to climate resilience mainly through the Perempuan Bahari program, empowering coastal women in sustainable marine resource management to promote inclusive blue economy. Activities include sustainable fisheries education, climate adaptation and disaster mitigation programs, rainwater catchment infrastructure, and community-based sanitation education. The Pikiran Terbaik Negeri program further supports social innovation addressing environmental challenges.
Yayasan Konservasi Alam Nusantara (YKAN)		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
YKAN is an Indonesia-based non-profit organization founded in 2014 with over 20 years of involvement in national conservation programs. Its mission focuses on protecting land and water systems and providing innovative solutions to harmonize humans and nature through effective natural resource management.	Focuses on Nature-based Solutions (NbS) for climate adaptation, resilience, disaster risk mitigation, and capacity building.	Supports climate resilience by conducting vulnerability assessments, providing policy and action recommendations, implementing NbS, enhancing coastal resilience, and developing research on coral reef restoration and marine and coastal protection.

Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia is a national non-profit organization dedicated to supporting sustainable development and environmental conservation in Indonesia. The organization collaborates with government bodies and strategic partners to design and implement innovative, nature-based solutions and integrated land- and seascape management strategies, aiming to generate long-term positive impacts for both communities and ecosystems.	The foundation focuses on the protection of critical ecosystems, sustainable livelihood management, including ecotourism, fisheries, and sustainable agriculture, and promoting integrated approaches to natural resource management.	Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia contributes to climate resilience by conducting studies that inform sustainable development policy, strengthening the capacity of strategic partners, and implementing initiatives that combine governance, technology, and community participation. These efforts primarily target enhancing resilience in coastal and marine sectors, ensuring that local communities can adapt to climate-related challenges effectively.

Yayasan Lahan Basah (YLBA)/Wetlands International Indonesia		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Wetlands International Indonesia, operating as Yayasan Lahan Basah (YLBA), is a non-profit organization dedicated to the conservation and restoration of wetlands. As part of the global Wetlands International network headquartered in the Netherlands, YLBA operates under a Global Network Partnership Agreement, serving as the official representative of Wetlands International in Indonesia and implementing global principles and guidelines at the national level.	YLBA's work is structured around three strategic streams, reflecting both ecosystem priorities and human needs: Delta and Coastal Areas, Rivers and Lakes, and Peatlands. These streams guide the organization's interventions to balance ecological sustainability with community welfare.	YLBA contributes to climate resilience by promoting the wise use and restoration of wetlands, recognizing their critical role in supporting human well-being, sustaining local livelihoods, preserving biodiversity, maintaining hydrological cycles, and mitigating climate change and its impacts.

Yayasan Madani Berkelanjutan		
General Information	Thematic Focus	Role in Enhancing Climate Resilience Development
Madani was established in 2016 in Jakarta with the objective of strengthening national and local initiatives to conserve Indonesia's forests and lands, thereby promoting sustainable economic growth. The organization operates by bridging relationships among stakeholders, including government, private sector, and civil society. Madani's mission is to advance policies and actions aimed at preserving natural forests and peatlands to achieve climate commitments.	Madani envisions balanced development in Indonesia, integrating economic, ecological, and social dimensions. Its work is guided by three main strategies: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Facilitating stakeholder collaboration to enhance sustainable, equitable, and locally-informed natural resource management; 2. Strengthening public policy advocacy to improve natural resource governance; 3. Amplifying civil society voices through research, advocacy, and campaigns to achieve a more just and sustainable Indonesia. 	Madani contributes to climate resilience by building the capacity of local government institutions and communities, with particular emphasis on vulnerable groups, to respond effectively to climate change impacts.



5. CONCLUSION

Non-Governmental Actors have demonstrated a significant role in supporting and implementing the national development agenda, particularly in the context of Climate Resilience Development Policies. This contribution is evident through the interventions and programs conducted during the 2020–2025 period across four priority sectors: marine and coastal areas, agriculture, water, and health. Based on an analysis of the compiled data, it is observed that the majority of interventions were focused on enhancing community capacity. Among the sectors, marine and coastal areas received the highest level of action implemented by NGOs during this period. Therefore, there is a need to diversify the implementation of interventions in other priority sectors by optimizing four alternative approaches: infrastructure, technology, capacity building, and governance and financing.





ATTACHMENT

LAMPIRAN List of Climate Resilience Actions by Non-State Actor

GIZ Climb, CLARITY, Green Economy Transformation (GET) 4.0						
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach	
1	Supporting the Study on Climate Change Impact on People Displacement in Coastal Areas and Small Islands of Indonesia (CLIMB)	2023-2025	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding	
2	Preparation of studies on Loss and Damage in the agricultural sector in Indramayu and Cyclone Seroja in East Nusa Tenggara.(GET)	2024	Indramayu East Nusa Tenggara	Agriculture	Capacity Building	
3	Sub-National Adaptation Plan Capacity Building in Lampung Province (Clarity)	2025	Lampung Province	Cross-sector	Capacity Building	
4	Finalization of EbA Guideline (Clarity)	2025	National	Cross-sector	Capacity Building	
5	Workshop on Loss and Damage (Clarity)	2025	National	Cross-sector	Capacity Building	
6	Input for Global Goal Adaptation (Clarity)	2025	National	Cross-sector	Capacity Building	
7	Development of National Adaptation Plan (Clarity)	2025	National	Cross-sector	Capacity Building	
Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN) Indonesia						
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach	
1	Support for the Directorate of Public Health and Nutrition and the Directorate of Food and Agriculture of Bappenas in preparing the climate-resilient RAN PG and the study of climate-resilient healthy local food to support the implementation of the RAN PG and RAD PG	2025-Ongoing	National	Agriculture	Governance and Funding	
2	Encourage the production and consumption of healthy local food that is environmentally and climate friendly; tempeh, koro beans in Aceh and West Java, Jakarta and small fish (wader, bilih) in DIY and West Sumatra.	2024	Aceh West Sumatra Special Region of Yogyakarta West Java	Agriculture	Capacity Building	
3	Study of types and value chains of local, healthy, environmentally and climate-friendly food	2024	National	Agriculture	Capacity Building	

4	Campaign for consuming local, healthy, environmentally and climate-friendly food	Upcoming	National	Agriculture	Capacity Building
5	Study of the impact of climate change on the nutritional content of priority foods in Indonesia	2025	National	Agriculture	Capacity Building
ICLEI – Local Governments for Sustainability					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Support for the Directorate of Public Health and Nutrition and the Directorate of Food and Agriculture of Bappenas in preparing the climate-resilient RAN PG and the study of climate-resilient healthy local food to support the implementation of the RAN PG and RAD PG	2025-Ongoing	National	Agriculture	Governance and Funding
2	Encourage the production and consumption of healthy local food that is environmentally and climate friendly; tempeh, koro beans in Aceh and West Java, Jakarta and small fish (wader, bilih) in DIY and West Sumatra.	2024	Aceh West Sumatra Special Region of Yogyakarta West Java	Agriculture	Capacity Building
3	Study of types and value chains of local, healthy, environmentally and climate-friendly food	2024	National	Agriculture	Capacity Building
4	Campaign for consuming local, healthy, environmentally and climate-friendly food	Upcoming	National	Agriculture	Capacity Building
5	Study of the impact of climate change on the nutritional content of priority foods in Indonesia	2025	National	Agriculture	Capacity Building
Kawungpitu Institute					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Study of mangrove ecosystem participation	2024	Riau Islands Province, Anambas Islands Regency	Marine and Coastal	Participatory Research
2	Training in sustainable management and utilization of mangrove ecosystems	2024-2025	Riau Islands Province, Anambas Islands Regency	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
3	Field School for cultivating mangrove crabs and honey bees in the mangrove ecosystem	2024-2025	Riau Islands Province, Anambas Islands Regency	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building

4		Training and monitoring of mangrove ecosystem health conditions	2025	Riau Islands Province, Anambas Islands Regency	Marine Coastal and Capacity Building
Kemitraan					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Climate-Resilient Public Space Development	2023-2025	Samarinda City, East Kalimantan	Water	Infrastructure
2	Rehabilitation of 2 km long embankment	2023-2025	Central Maluku Regency, Maluku	Marine Coastal and	Infrastructure
3	Breakwater Development in Pekalongan City	2021-2026	Pekalongan City, Central Java	Marine Coastal and	Infrastructure
4	Construction of Communal Toilets	2021-2026	Pekalongan City, Central Java	Marine Coastal and	Infrastructure
5	TPST construction	2021-2026	Pekalongan City, Central Java	Marine Coastal and	Infrastructure
6	Community-based TPS3R development	2021-2026	Pekalongan City, Central Java	Marine Coastal and	Infrastructure
7	Early Warning System Development	2022-2024	North Toraja Regency, South Sulawesi	Water	Technology
8	Climate Smart Agriculture Demonstration Plot	2022-2024	Bulukumba Regency, South Sulawesi	Agriculture	Technology
9	Adaptive Coffee Seedling House Development	2024	South Sulawesi, Bulukumba Regency	Agriculture	Technology
10	Assistance in the Preparation of Regional Climate Change Planning	2021-2026	Pekalongan City, Central Java and Batang, Tegal, Demak, and Pekalongan Regencies, Central Java	Marine Coastal and	Governance and Funding
Red Cross					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach

1	PRB and climate risk management training	2020	7 villages in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung 5 villages in Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
2	Mainstreaming PRB and API into the village development agenda	2020	7 villages in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung 5 villages in Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
3	PRB and Climate Change Campaign	2020 - 2023	7 villages in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung 5 villages in Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
4	Development of community-based early warning systems	2022	7 villages in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung 5 villages in Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Technology
5	PRB training for SIBAT	2020	7 villages in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung 5 villages in Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
6	Public awareness campaign	2020 - 2023	7 villages in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung 5 villages in Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
7	Implementation of Nature-based Solutions	2022 - 2023	7 villages in Tanggamus Regency, Lampung 5 villages in Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
8	Carbon stock measurement	2022	Tanggamus Regency, Lampung Manggarai Regency, East Nusa Tenggara	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
9	Mangrove Center Development	2023	Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
10	Writing the SEACAR (Southeast Asia Climate Adaptation and Resilience) Report	2024	Manggarai Regency, NTT	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
11	Extreme Heat Perception Study	2024	Surabaya Medan	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
12	Formation of the Extreme Heat Coalition of Cities	2023	Surabaya Medan	Urban	Governance and Funding
13	Extreme Heat Risk and Impact Study with BMKG	2023-2025	Surabaya Medan	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
14	Extreme Heat Risk and Impact Study with BMKG	2025-2026	Surabaya Medan	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding

15	Extreme Heat Campaign	2023-2025	Surabaya Medan	Health	Capacity Building
16	Extreme Heat Campaign	2025-2026	Surabaya Medan	Health	Capacity Building
17	City Heat Action Plan	2025-2026	Surabaya Medan	Health	Governance and Funding
18	City Heat Action Plan	2025-2026	Surabaya Medan	Health	Governance and Funding
19	Implementation of the Independent Learning Independent Campus (MBKM) program	2024	Surabaya Medan	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
20	Implementation of the Independent Learning Independent Campus (MBKM) program	2025-2026	Surabaya Medan	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
21	PRB and climate risk management training	2023	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
22	Mainstreaming PRB and API into the village development agenda	2023	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
23	PRB and Climate Change Campaign	2023-2026	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
24	Development of community-based early warning systems	2025	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Technology
25	PRB training for SIBAT	2023	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
26	Public awareness campaign	2023-2026	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
27	Implementation of Nature based Solutions	2025-2026	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
28	Carbon stock measurement	2026	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding

29	Mangrove Center Development	2026	South Buru, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
30	Socialization of PMI's Climate Adaptation and Resilience Roadmap	2025-2027	All PMI Provinces and Districts in Indonesia	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
31	Technical Guidance on Climate and Environmental Issues	2025-2027	Probolinggo Regency PMI Expansion to all PMI Provinces in Indonesia	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
32	Public awareness campaign	2025-2027	Probolinggo Regency PMI Expansion to all PMI Provinces in Indonesia	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
33	PMI Green Movement Campaign	2025-2026	Probolinggo Regency PMI Expansion to all PMI Provinces in Indonesia	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
34	Mapping through Street Level Imagery	2024	Medan Surabaya	Cross-sector	Technology
35	Community-based disaster risk assessment training - climate and gender sensitive	2021	National	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
36	PMI Green Movement Campaign	2024	Kupang, NTT	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
37	PMI Green Movement Campaign	2024	Denpasar, Bali	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
38	National training for anticipatory action (actions responding to early warnings)	2024	Jakarta	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
39	Development of an Anticipatory Action approach and Early Action Protocol document for Flood threats through the Forecast-Based Action (FbF) project	2020-2023	Jakarta	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
40	Advocacy of anticipatory action approaches (actions responding to early warnings/AMPD) for hydrometeorological disasters	2023 - ongoing	East Nusa Tenggara West Nusa Tenggara East Java Bali	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
41	Implementation of the Early Action Protocol readiness plan	2025-2030	National	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
42	River-based Flood Hazard Early Warning Monitoring	2025-2026	Sukabumi City	Cross-sector	Technology

43	Implementation of Nature-based Solutions	2015-2020	Wonogiri Solo Bojonegoro South Jakarta Bogor Bandung Regency	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
44	Implementation of DRR and Early Warning	2021	Bogor South Jakarta	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
45	Community-based surveillance	2020 - 2024	Bali Bogor Boyolali	Health	Capacity Building
KIAT					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	PDAM performance-based grant	2024	Bandung Palembang Wonosobo Banyumas Kebumen South Coast	Water	Infrastructure
KONSEPSI					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Program to Strengthen Disaster Resilience through Community-Based Forest Area Management in the East Rinjani Region.	2015 - 2016	East Lombok	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
2	Community-Based Natural Resource Management (PSDABM) in East Lombok Regency and North Lombok Regency	2016 - 2017	East Lombok North Lombok	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
3	Voice For Change Partnership, Food and Nutrition Security Program.	2016 - 2020	East Lombok	Agriculture	Capacity Building
4	Strengthening Women's Participation Through Technology, 2 Sub-districts in East Lombok Regency	2017-2020	East Lombok	Agriculture	Capacity Building

5	Program to Build the Resilience of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in Mataram City	2017 - 2018	Mataram City	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
6	Indonesia Climate and Disaster Resilient Communities (ICDRC) Program "Building and Strengthening Rural Community Resilience to Disasters and Climate Change in East Lombok Regency"	2019 - 2020	East Lombok	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
7	Provision of Humanitarian Assistance for Earthquake, Tsunami, and Liquefaction Victims in Central Sulawesi Province	2018 - 2020	Palu City Sigi and Donggala Regencies	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
8	Supporting Poor Communities to Claim Their Rights in Climate Change (SP-2CRC2)	2019 - 2020	East Lombok	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
9	STBM – WASH Implementation Program in Central Lombok Regency	2019 - 2020	Central Lombok	Health	Capacity Building
10	Livelihood Recovery After Disaster (LIRAD) on Lombok Island	2019 - 2020	West Lombok	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
11	Community-Based DRR Development Program for Resilient and Sustainable Livelihoods on Lombok Island	2019 – 2020	East Lombok North Lombok Central Lombok West Lombok	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
12	Australia-Indonesia Partnership in Disaster Risk Management Program (AIP-DRM)/ SIAP SIAGA	2022	Central Lombok North Lombok	Cross-sector	Capacity Building
13	DECCAP (Deepening Climate Change Adaptation for Prosperity) Program	2022	East Lombok	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
14	"Voice for Inclusiveness Climate Resilience Actions (VICRA)" program	2021-2024	East Lombok	Agriculture	Governance and Funding
15	Hunger Prevention For Covid-19 Affected Poor Population	2022	Mataram Central Lombok East Lombok North Lombok	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
16	Inclusiveness for Climate-related Finance Mechanism (IN-LINE)	2022	Central Lombok	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
17	Deepening Multi-Stakeholder Collaboration for Inclusive and Sustainable Replication of Community Disaster Resilience Strategies.	2022-2023	East Lombok North Lombok West Lombok	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding

18	FomaPro - Fostering Multistakeholder Alliance for Pro Poor and Gender Sensitive Low carbon Development and Climate Resilience	2022-2024	North Lombok	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
19	Expanding Village Disaster Risk Management Initiatives and Participation Towards Sustainable Resilience	2024	North Lombok	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
20	VCA – Inclusiveness Climate Knowledge Management Network (Inclick-Mnet)	2022 - 2025	Special Capital Region of Jakarta Special Region of Yogyakarta East Nusa Tenggara Papua	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
21	Improvement Community Anticipatory Action (I CAN ACT) Phase II	2024-2025	West Lombok Regency: Dasan Geria Village, Lingsar District, and Taman Ayu Village, Gerung District East Lombok Regency: Obel-Obel Village, Sambelia District, Dara Kunci Village, Sambelia District, and Belanting Village, Sambelia District.	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
22	Inclusive Tackling toward Ecosystem-based Resilience in Alerted Climate Threats (INTER-act)	2023 - 2025	Sukadana Village and Segala Anyar Village, Pujut District – Central Lombok Regency	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
23	Unlocking Resilience - Poverty and Community Resilience Graduation Program (P3KM)	2024-2026	Puncak Jeringo Village, Perigi Village, Meksari Village, Selaparang Village, Sotalangu Village, Suela District - East Lombok Regency	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
24	Strengthening Inclusive Governance and Partnerships for Area-Based Disaster-Climate Resilient Villages (DESTANA-BERIKLIM) in West Nusa Tenggara	2025-2026	North Lombok Sumbawa	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
25	Review and Revision of Provincial Low Carbon and Climate Resilient Development (LCCRD) Program	2025	West Nusa Tenggara	Cross-sector	Governance and Funding
LAMFI (Lembaga Akreditasi Mutu Fasyankes Indonesia)					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Improving the Competence of Health Human Resources and Climate-Aware Health Cadres			Health	Capacity Building
2	Strengthening Climate-Resilient Health Facilities (Faskes)			Health	Infrastructure

3	Climate-Sensitive Disease Research			Health	Capacity Building
4	Environmentally Friendly Health Promotion & Public Education			Health	Capacity Building
5	Strengthening Policy & Governance			Health	Governance and Funding
6	Health-Based Ecosystem & Food Security			Health	Capacity Building
LPBINU					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Provision of Clean Water and Sanitation	2022-2025	DKI Jakarta Province; Banten Province; West Java Province; Central Java Province; East Java Province; DI Yogyakarta Province; NTT Province; NTB Province; South Kalimantan Province, South Sulawesi Province, Gorontalo Province, East Kalimantan Province	Water	Infrastructure
2	Establishment of a Disaster Post	2022-2025	DKI Jakarta Province; Banten Province; West Java Province; Central Java Province; East Java Province; DI Yogyakarta Province; NTT Province; NTB Province; South Kalimantan Province, South Sulawesi Province, Gorontalo Province, East Kalimantan Province	Health	Infrastructure
3	Tree planting and beach/river cleaning	2022-2025	DKI Jakarta Province; Banten Province; West Java Province; Central Java Province; East Java Province; DI Yogyakarta Province; Bengkulu Province; South Kalimantan Province; East Kalimantan Province	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
4	Socialization of Schools and Madrasas in Disaster-Safe Educational Units and Climate Change Adaptation	2022-2025	DKI Jakarta Province; Banten Province; West Java Province; Central Java Province; East Java Province		Capacity Building
5	PRB - API Training	2022-2025	West Java Province, East Java Province, Bali Province	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
6	Preparation of PRB Plan - API	2022-2025	West Java Province, East Java Province, Bali Province	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
7	Preparation of SOPs and Disaster Management Mechanisms	2022-2025	West Java Province, East Java Province, Bali Province	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
8	Disaster Management Simulation	2022-2025	West Java Province, East Java Province, Bali Province	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
Lingkar Temu Kabupaten Lestari					
1	Strengthening the impact of policy & planning	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
2	Capacity & capability building for Decision Makers in the Districts Members	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
3	Strengthen Value Chain	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
4	Strengthening of Business Ecosystem	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
5	Financing & Market Access to support business ecosystem	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
6	Strengthening the role of LTKL in supporting the commitment of sustainable and independent districts	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
7	Activating a Cross-Jurisdictional Collaborative Ecosystem	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
8	Community of Practice: A multi-stakeholder collaborative space to share learning, align strategies, and drive sustainable development action.	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
9	Development of Narrative Amplification Strategy and Documentation of Learning Process	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
10	Development of a Valid Data Governance System in the Regency as a Measuring Tool for the Progress of a Sustainable Regency	2024 2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
11	Data Governance-Based Learning Management in the Regency to Record the Progress of Sustainable Regency	2024-2025	Aceh Tamiang, Siak, Musi Banyuasin, Sintang, Sanggau, Kapuas Hulu, Bone Bolango, Gorontalo, Sigi	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
Mercy Corps Indonesia (MCI)					
1	Compilation of a Study on the Development, Knowledge, Governance and Framework for Mitigating Loss and Damage Due to Climate Change in Indonesia	2023	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
2	Compilation of a Summary for Policy Makers on Developments, Knowledge, Governance and Framework for Mitigating Loss and Damage Due to Climate Change in Indonesia	2025	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
3	Preparation of a Gap Analysis Study and Policy Opportunities related to Permanent Coastal Inundation	2024	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
4	Compilation of a Summary for Policy Makers Analysis of Policy Gaps and Opportunities related to Permanent Coastal Inundation	2025	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
5	Supporting the preparation of a Diagnostic Study on Governance, Institutions and Financial Mechanisms related to Loss and Damage Financing in Indonesia	2025	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
6	Supporting the global advocacy process through: - Input into the Second Nationally Determined Contributions and the Biennial Transparency Report (BTR) - Supporting the development of country submissions and positions at COP 27, 28, and 29 on Loss and Damage	2022-2025	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
7	Virtual Workshop and Multi-Actor Discussion on Managing Loss and Damage Due to Climate Change and Managing Permanent Coastal Inundation	2023-2025	National	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
8	Developing popular advocacy and communication materials to build public awareness and understanding of flood resilience, climate resilience, and transboundary perspectives in their management, including: - Short videos on CRIA and resilient livelihoods - Impact story videos - Human story videos - Program documentation	2022-2025	National	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building

9	Preparation of Climate Risk Impact Assessment (CRIA) in Kupang Watershed	2020-2021	Kupang Watershed and Coastal Area of Pekalongan City and Regency	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
10	Ojo Nganti Kelep Cultural Arts Performance	2022	Api-api Village, Wonokerto, Pekalongan Regency	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
11	Preparation of the Pre-Feasibility Study "Reservoir Development to Support the Petanglong SPAMREG" and related advocacy at the district/city and provincial levels	2022-2024	Kupang Watershed (Pekalongan City and Regency)	Water	Infrastructure
12	Policy Dialogue and preparation of the Policy Brief "Recovering from Floods in Pekalongan: The Need for Transformative Policies"	2023	Central Java	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
13	Policy Dialogue and Preparation of the Policy Brief "Towards a Contemporary Maritime Civilization: Long-Term Flood Risk Reduction Transformation Strategy"	2024	Central Java	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
14	Policy Dialogue "Climate-Resilient Development in the North Coast of Central Java"	2025	Central Java	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
15	Preparation of ICZM (Integrated Coastal Zone Management) Study in Pantura, Central Java (case study in 3 regional typologies)	2025	Downstream areas of the Kupang, Babon, and Tuntang watersheds Coastal Zones of Pekalongan City and Regency, Semarang City, and Demak Regency	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
16	Formal input into regional policies includes: - Central Java Province's RPJMD Document - Pekalongan Regency's RPJMD Document - Pekalongan City's RPJMD Document - Pekalongan Regency's Spatial Plan Document - Pekalongan City's Spatial Plan Document	2025	Pekalongan City, Pekalongan Regency, Central Java Province	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
17	Advocacy for the integration of participatory study results into village planning and budgeting	2023	Jeruksari Village, Pekalongan Regency Krapyak Subdistrict, Pekalongan City	Water	Governance and Funding
18	Advocacy regarding spring protection at the village level	2023	Jolotigo Village, Pekalongan Regency	Water	Governance and Funding
19	Construction of reservoirs, ponds and water storage pools in agricultural areas	2023 and 2025	Simego Village, Pekalongan Regency	Water	Infrastructure

23	Implementation of climate field schools, adaptive cultivation training, and milkfish cultivation field schools	2023	Conducted in Pekalongan Regency and City Upstream: 1. Simego Village 2. Tlogohendro Village Downstream: Orangesari Village, Bandengan Subdistrict, Krapyak Subdistrict, Degayu Subdistrict	Agriculture	Capacity Building
24	Implementation of agricultural cultivation practices that include the principles of water and soil conservation	2023-2025	1. Simego Village, Pekalongan Regency 2. Tlogohendro Village, Pekalongan Regency	Agriculture	Technology
25	Implementation of adaptive aquaculture practices with milkfish commodities	2023-2025	1. Jeruksari Village, Pekalongan Regency 2. Krapyak Subdistrict, Pekalongan City 3. Degayu Subdistrict, Pekalongan City	Marine and Coastal	Technology
26	Development of a Community-Based Climate Information System for the Aquaculture and Horticultural Agriculture Sectors	2023-2027	Pekalongan City and Regency, Central Java. With specific utilization assistance locations in: Downstream: 1. Jeruksari Village 2. Krapyak Subdistrict 3. Degayu Subdistrict Upstream: 1. Simego Village 2. Tlogohendro Village	Marine and Coastal	Technology
27	Households with improved livelihood systems through: i) access to resources to prepare and cope; ii) livelihoods that are sensitive to disaster risks and climate change.	2022 - 2027	Central Sulawesi/ Sigi Regency	Agriculture	Capacity Building
28	Climate-smart agricultural practices training/workshops for at-risk farmers (including climate schools/field practices)	2022 - 2026	Central Sulawesi/ Sigi Regency	Agriculture	Capacity Building
29	Vulnerable communities adopt livelihoods that are adaptive to disaster risks and climate change.	2022-2027	Central Sulawesi/ Sigi Regency	Agriculture	Governance and Funding
30	Nexus value chain and market system are enhanced.	2022-2027	Central Sulawesi/ Sigi Regency	Agriculture	Capacity Building
Oxford Committee for Famine Relief (Oxfam)					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach

1	Climate Smart Agriculture	2020 - 2023	East Nusa Tenggara, East Flores and Lembata	Agriculture	Governance and Funding
2	Formation of young MSME groups and strengthening new networks	2020 - 2023	West Nusa Tenggara, East Lombok	Agriculture	Governance and Funding
3	Community-Based Renewable Energy Development for Clean Water Access in NTT	2023 - 2026	East Nusa Tenggara	Water	Governance and Funding
4	Strengthening the capacity of women's organizations on climate issues and a just energy transition	2023 - 2025	National	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
5	Preparation of an Early Warning System Guidebook for Vulnerable Groups	2020 - 2023	East Nusa Tenggara, Kupang	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
6	Anticipatory Action	2023 - 2026	West Nusa Tenggara, East Lombok & East Nusa Tenggara, Kupang	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
7	Building community resilience to disasters	2024-2026	NTT (TTS and Malacca)	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
8	Development of demonstration plots for adaptive agriculture	2024-2026	NTT (TTS and Malacca)	Agriculture	Capacity Building
Penabulu Foundation					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Voice for Just Climate Action	2021-2025	East Nusa Tenggara/Lembata, East Sumba, Kupang, and Rote Ndao	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
2	Women and Vulnerable Groups Benefited and Lead on Transformative and Just Energy Transition in Indonesia	2023-2033 (10 Years)	East Nusa Tenggara & West Nusa Tenggara	Water	Capacity Building
3	Co-Evolve	2024-2027	Indonesia	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
4	Coastal Ecosystem Protection Based on Local Wisdom - MURO	01 October 2024 – 30 September 2026	East Nusa Tenggara/Lembata	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
5	Improvement Community Anticipatory Action (I CAN ACT) towards Flood phase 3	July 1, 2025 – January 31, 2026	West Nusa Tenggara (4 flood-prone villages in the East Lombok and West Lombok areas, namely Obel-Obel, Belanting, Dasan Geria and Taman Ayu)	Water	Governance and Funding

6	Asia Community Disaster Preparedness & Transformation (ACT)	Phase 1: October 2020 – December 2023 /Phase 2: January 2024 – December 2026	East Nusa Tenggara (Bena Village, South Amanuban District, South Central Timor Regency (TTS); Meusin Village, Boking District, South Central Timor Regency (TTS); Motaulun Village, West Malaka District, (Malaka Regency)	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
LLHPB PP Aisyah					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Tree planting with a parenting system through an Indonesia-wide campaign, a pilot project for planting hard plants in the upstream and mangroves on the coast.	2024	Riau (Pelalawan, Pekanbaru, Siak), West Kalimantan (Kubu Raya, Mempawah), Central Java (Demak, Sukoharjo).	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
2	Climate-Resilient Disaster Village	2024	Demak, Central Java	Cross Sector	Governance and Funding
3	Climate-Resilient Disaster Village	2025-2027	Moyo, Sumbawa, Lasiana, Kupang, NTT	Cross Sector	Governance and Funding
4	Health Council: Aisyiyah Movement for the prevention of infectious diseases (TB, DHF), clean water and stunting	2024-2025	East Java	Health	Capacity Building
5	Economic Council: Aisyiyah Living Barn Movement for food security	2022-2025	48 Districts/Cities	Agriculture	Capacity Building
Muhammadiyah Central Leadership					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Progressive Forest Program "1001 Hectares for Sustainable Living"	2025 - 2027	Yogyakarta Special Region, Central Kalimantan Province, North Sumatra Province, East Kalimantan Province, West Nusa Tenggara Province, Bengkulu Province, Riau Province, Central Sulawesi Province, South Sulawesi Province	Water	Infrastructure
2	Environmental Cadre Training "The Next Green Generation"	2024 - 2027	34 Provinces	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building and Funding
3	The Progressive Adiwiyata Program: "1001 Muhammadiyah Schools with an Environmentally Friendly Culture"	2025 - 2027	34 Provinces	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
PT Astra Agro Lestari					

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Conservation of Peatland	2024	National	Water	Infrastructure
2	Conducting exploration or development of oil palm varieties that are more resistant to climate stress	2024	National	Agriculture	Technology
3	Implementing regenerative farming practices by prioritizing sustainable operations	2024	National	Agriculture	Technology
4	Conduct climate-smart pest management research that considers future climate exposure.	2024	National	Agriculture	Capacity Building
5	Improving water management and drainage systems.	2024	National	Water	Governance and Funding
PT Asuransi Central Asia					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Issuing agricultural insurance policies for Farm Management that runs agricultural cultivation businesses in a sustainable agricultural ecosystem based on integrated climate risk management.	2015-2025	NTB, Java, Sumatra	Agriculture	Capacity Building
RARE Indonesia					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Preparation of documents on vulnerability to climate change as part of the preparation of PAAP strategies in the work area.	2025 - 2027	Southeast Sulawesi 1. Buton 2. Central Buton 3. Muna North Sulawesi: 1. Sangihe Islands 2. Siau Tagulandang Biaro (Sitaro) 3. North Minahasa 4. Minahasa 5. Southeast Minahasa 6. East Bolaang Mongondow 7. South Minahasa 8. North Bolaang Mongondow 9. Bolaang Mongondow 10. South Bolaang Mongondow	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding

Cities)					
<p>At the national level, UCLG-ASPAC, through the Urban-Act project, has assisted with:</p> <p>1) A policy review to assess the vertical alignment of PRKBI policies at the national and regional levels, using an evidence-based methodology with case studies in Padang and Medan. This review analyzed the alignment between key planning documents such as the RPJP (Large-Term Development Plan), RPJM (Large-Term Development Plan), RKP (City Enabling Environment – Environment and Climate Change Governance) and institutional strategic plans.</p> <p>2) A City Enabling Environment – Environment and Climate Change Governance (CEE-ECG) study conducted in five countries implementing the Urban-Act project to assess pillar indicators for climate governance.</p> <p>Examples of activities already implemented in Padang (West Sumatra):</p> <p>1) Preparation of a Climate Action Plan (still in progress as of August 2025)</p> <p>2) Support for facilitating the integration of climate change with the RPJMD (Rencana Pembangunan Jangka Menengah Daerah/RPJMD), Renstra (Renstra), and Renja (Work Plan) documents.</p> <p>3) Preparation of a project design (capstone) for funding opportunities. (still in progress as of August 2025)</p> <p>4) Facilitation of city pairing through intercity learning forums within the UCLG-ASPAC network.</p> <p>Examples of activities already implemented in Medan (North Sumatra):</p> <p>1) Preparation of a project design (capstone) for funding opportunities. (still in progress as of August 2025)</p> <p>2) Facilitation of city pairing through intercity learning forums within the UCLG-ASPAC network.</p>					
UNDP					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	GEF Forest Area Planning Management in Kalimantan KALFOR	2017-2025	West Kalimantan, South Kalimantan, East Kalimantan	Water	Governance and Funding
2	GEF - Global Marine Commodities (GMC)	2017-2022		Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
3	GCF - NAP Readiness Project	2022-2025	National	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
UNICEF					

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Technical support for consultations with children and youth on climate change policies (NDCs, NAPs, and child-sensitive social sector policies)	2025-ongoing	National	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
2	Advocacy material for youth involvement in climate change adaptation with the theme of biodiversity, coastal environmental conservation, the role of indigenous communities (comics, videos)	2025	National Publication	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
3	Climate-resilient urban sanitation study in Indonesia	2021	National Publication	Water	Capacity Building
4	Developing a Climate-Resilient Water and Sanitation Framework	2024	National	Water	Governance and Funding
5	Preparation of PERIKSA (Climate Risk Assessment Tool for Sanitation and Drinking Water) in primary health facilities and preparation of a compendium of sanitation technology, preparation of a climate-resilient WASH Guide	2025	National	Water	Technology
6	Preparation of policy recommendations related to the integration of adaptive social protection into disaster risk insurance and financing strategies	2024	National	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
7	Study on child-sensitive climate policies	2022	National	Health	Capacity Building
8	Pilot implementation of the PEREXSA (Climate Risk Assessment Tool for Sanitation and Drinking Water) tool in primary health facilities	2025	National	Health	Technology
9	Technical support related to climate change adaptation materials in the nutrition sector for the preparation of the National Nutrition Action Plan and Regional Action Plans	2024-ongoing	National	Health	Capacity Building
10	Technical support for strengthening the resilience of primary health services	2024	National	Health	Capacity Building
11	Pilot implementation of PERIXSA, a Sanitation and Drinking Water Climate Risk Assessment Tool in several community health centers in several districts/cities	2024	National	Health	Capacity Building
12	Technical support to relevant Ministries for Climate-Resilient and Environmental Crisis-Resistant and Child-Sensitive Social Sectors	2024-ongoing	National	Health	Capacity Building

		(Health, Water, Sanitation and Hygiene, Social Protection, Education, Nutrition)			
WHO Indonesia					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Development and finalization of the Health National Adaptation Plan (RAN APIK) 2025-2030	2019-Ongoing	National	Health	Governance and Funding
2	Development and finalization of the Climate Healthy Village guidelines (Desa-desi " has now changed its name to climate healthy village and sub-district)	2020-2025	National	Health	Capacity Building
3	Health Vulnerability and Adaptation Assessment	2023	National	Health	Governance and Funding
4	Pilot Desa Desi (healthy climate village) initiative	2023	Provinces of DKI Jakarta, DI Yogyakarta, Riau	Health	Capacity Building
5	Advocacy for WHO guidelines on Health in the NDC and strengthening climate-resilient health systems, including low-carbon health facilities, into the health regulatory framework (Minister of Health Regulation, Strategic Plan, RIBK).	2023	National	Health	Capacity Building
6	Development of Climate Resilient and Environmentally Sustainable Health Care Facility (Fasilitas Kesehatan Berketahanan Iklim / Fasbikin) instruments and integration of instruments into the Health Information System for Health Facilities (SIKELIM)	2024-2025	National	Health	Technology
7	Climate resilient Sanitation safety planning training	2025	National, Special Region of Yogyakarta, Sleman Regency, Surakarta City, Bantul Regency, Bekasi City, DKI Jakarta	Health	Capacity Building
8	Evidence generation on how resilient water and sanitation are in a country - Global Monitoring	2025	National	Health	Capacity Building
WRI Indonesia					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach

1	Advancing Vertical Integration for Climate Change Adaptation in Large, Decentralized Countries: Tapping into the Power of Multilevel Governance	2025	DKI Jakarta Province & West Sumatra	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
2	Towards Climate-Resilient Development: Integrating Coastal Climate Hazards and Spatial Planning Information (A Case Study in Bali Province)	2025	Bali Province	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
Wahana Visi Indonesia (WVI)					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Increasing the Leverage of Inclusive Market Across Indonesia (INCLUSION)	2022-2027	Kupang Regency (NTT); Sigi Regency (Central Sulawesi); North Halmahera Regency (North Maluku)	Agriculture	Capacity Building
2	Mangrove Adaptive and Resilient Village for Enhanced Livelihood (MARVEL)	Surabaya (2024-2026); East Lombok (2024-2026); Jakarta (2025-2029)	Surabaya City (East Java); East Lombok Regency (West Nusa Tenggara); North Jakarta (Jakarta Special Capital Region)	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
3	From Farm to Table	2025-2027	Asmat Regency (South Papua)	Agriculture	Capacity Building
4	Water for Sumba	2023	Southwest Sumba Regency (NTT)	Water	Technology
5	Jakarta Urban School for Youth Climate Change Resilience	2025	North Jakarta (DKI Jakarta)	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
6	Child-friendly and Environmental-friendly school Infrastructure for Elementary Students (CERIA)	2024	North Jakarta (DKI Jakarta)	Cross-Sector	Infrastructure
7	Sustainable, Thriving, Resilient, and Equitable Access to Watershed Management (STREAM)	2025-2026	South Nias Regency (North Sumatra)	Water	Governance and Funding
World Wildlife Fund (WWF)					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Location (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach

1	Katingan Regency Climate Risk Assessment	2024–present	Katingan Regency, Central Kalimantan	Agriculture	Governance and Funding
2	One Planet City Challenge (OPCC)	It has been running in Indonesia since 2015. Each period lasts two years. The current period is 2025–2026.	National	Cross-Sector	Governance and Funding
Agathis Dammara Karbon Foundation					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Expansion of Natural Polymer Biochar Interventions in Corn Farming for Sustainable Dryland Development Resilience	2023	Soppeng, South Sulawesi	Agriculture	Capacity Building
2	WasteX - Fostering Prosperous Farmers	2024- present	Central Java and East Java	Agriculture	Technology
3	Feasibility study of biochar made from palm oil waste	2024	Pekanbaru, Riau	Agriculture	Capacity Building
4	Farmer biochar training	2022- present	Kupang, Bali, East Java, Central Java, West Java, Riau	Agriculture	Capacity Building
5	Biochar training made from palm oil waste	May 2025- Present	Pekanbaru, Riau	Agriculture	Capacity Building
Bina Karta Lestari Foundation					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Enhanced Emergency Response and Environmental Disaster Recovery (TANGUH)	2017 – now	Pekalongan City and Regency	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
2	Pekalongan Flood Emergency Response Plan	2021	Pekalongan	Water	Infrastructure
3	Power to the People: An integrated approach to governance innovation through local energy initiatives for urban coastal communities in Indonesia ⁷ .	November 2021 – February 2022	Balikpapan – Semarang	Health	Governance and Funding
4	Strengthening the climate resilience of at-risk coastal communities in NTT as a result of improved resource management and climate-friendly livelihoods.	March 15, 2022 - March 15, 2025	Labuan Bajo, East Nusa Tenggara (NTT)	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building

5	Coastal Conservation Project by regenerating Indonesian mangrove forests and introducing sustainable fisheries cultivation in Pekalongan Regency	April 1, 2022 – March 31, 2023	Pekalongan Regency	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
6	Assessment of Communal Toilet and Clean Water Programs in 8 Sub-districts of Pekalongan City	September – November 2022	Pekalongan	Health	Capacity Building
7	Coastal Conservation Project by regenerating Indonesian mangrove forests and introducing sustainable fisheries cultivation in Pekalongan Regency	April 1, 2023 – March 31, 2024	Pekalongan Regency	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
8	Traveloka Tree Heroes – Mangrove Restoration in Semarang and Pekalongan	January 1, 2024 – June 30, 2024	Semarang City and Pekalongan Regency, Central Java, Indonesia	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
9	Coastal Conservation Project by regenerating Indonesian mangrove forests and introducing sustainable fisheries cultivation in Pekalongan Regency (Coastal Clean-up)	April 1, 2024 – March 31, 2025	Pekalongan Regency	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
10	Development of integrated tofu factory wastewater management in Semarang	2002 – Present	Semarang, Central Java	Water	Infrastructure
Yayasan BUMN					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Initial research & Social Mapping	2025	Bali Province; Lampung Province (TBD)	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
2	Climate Risk & Disaster Mitigation Training	2025	Bali Province; Lampung Province (TBD)	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
3	Sustainable Fisheries Engineering Training	2025-2026	Bali Province; Lampung Province (TBD)	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
4	Marine Business & Resources Potential Training	2026	Bali Province; Lampung Province (TBD)	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
5	Construction & Management of Sanitation & Clean Water Facilities	2026-2027	Bali Province; Lampung Province (TBD)	Water	Infrastructure

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
6	MSME Development & Access to Microfinance	2027	Bali Province, Lampung Province (TBD)	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
Yayasan Konservasi Alam Nusantara (YKAN)					
1	Adaptation through Art and Competition	2025-2026	Wakatobi and Sabu Raijua	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
2	Development of Climate Adaptation Action Plan and climate budgeting	2025-2027	Bangka Belitung: Lime City, Kotawaringin, Rebo, Dendang, Gantung, Padang River		Governance and Funding
3	Capacity Building and Awareness Raising for Climate Adaptation	2025-2026	Wakatobi: Waduri, Balasuna, South Balasuna, Kollo Soha, Dete East Nusa Tenggara (Sabu): Lobohe, Lederaga, Molie, Eilogo, Lalapaji, Waduwalla	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
4	Development of Disaster Management Plan (RPB) Document	2024-2025	Sabu Raijua Regency		Governance and Funding
5	Development of a behavior change module for climate adaptation	2024-2025	Wakatobi and Sabu Raijua		Capacity Building
6	Strengthening Community Capacity in Disaster Risk Management and Reduction	2026-2027	Lingga Regency: Laboh, Senayang Rote-Ndao Regency: Nembrala, Bo'a, Daudolu		Capacity Building
7	Feasibility study of implementing parametric insurance for coral reefs	2025	KKP3KDPS, Berau Regency, East Kalimantan	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
8	Community Vulnerability Assessment	2024	Bangka Belitung: Lime City, Kotawaringin, Rebo, Dendang, Gantung, Padang River	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
9	Strengthening climate-resilient livelihoods	2024	Raja Ampat Regency (Kapatool), Sorong Regency (Malaumkarta, Suatolo), Tambrauw Regency (Werur, Werwaf, Wertim, Wertam, Bukit, Suyam)	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
10	Community Vulnerability Assessment	2023	Wakatobi: Waduri, Balasuna, South Balasuna, Kollo Soha, Dete East Nusa Tenggara (Sabu): Lobohe, Lederaga, Molie, Eilogo, Lalapaji, Waduwalla	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building

11	Strengthening climate-smart agriculture and seaweed cultivation	2023	Wakatobi Regency (Waduri, Balasuna, South Balasuna, Kollo Soha, Dete)	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
12	Strengthening and workshop on preparation of adaptation action plans and integration into village planning	2023	Bird Head Seascapes: Raja Ampat Regency (Atikari, Salafen, Waigama, Aduwei, Solal), Sorong Regency (Malaumkarta, Suatolo), Tambrauw Regency (Werur, Werwaf, Wertim, Wertam, Bukit, Suyam)	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
13	Rainwater Harvesting Training	2023	Berau Regency, East Kalimantan: Pegat Batumbuk and Maratua	Water	Capacity Building
14	Community Vulnerability Assessment	2022	Bird's Head Seascapes: Raja Ampat Regency (Atikari, Salafen, Waigama, Aduwei, Solal), Sorong Regency (Malaumkarta, Suatolo), Tambrauw Regency (Werur, Werwaf, Wertim, Wertam, Bukit, Suyam), Sorong City East Kalimantan (Berau): Bohe Silian, Payung-payung, Pegat Batumbuk, Alulu Bay, Harapan Bay	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
15	Community Vulnerability Assessment	2020	East Nusa Tenggara: Kupang, Serubeba, Londalusi, Papela, Hundihipo Central Java: Semarang	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building

Yayasan Konservasi Indonesia

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Project Blue Halo S-BEAM	Planned (Waiting for GCF board approval with a project duration of 6 years)	Aceh, Banten, North Sumatra, West Sumatra, Lampung and Bengkulu	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
2	Climate Smart Shrimp	2023-2025	Donggala Regency, Central Sulawesi Province	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
3	LEAPS-Aquadapt	2024-2027	Banyuwangi Regency, East Java Province	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
4	Healthy Coral Reefs of Indonesia (TeKSI)	2024 - 2027	West Sumatra, East Sumba - NTT Province, Raja Ampat - West Papua Province, Kaimana - Southwest Papua Province	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
5	Restoration and Management of Forest and Watershed Ecosystems	2023-2029	North Tapanuli, Central Tapanuli, South Tapanuli (North Sumatra), Sukabumi (West Java)	Water	Governance and Funding
6	Improving the Effectiveness of Management of Sumatra's Marine Conservation Areas	2022-2025	North Nias (North Sumatra), Bintan (Riau Islands)	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
7	Strengthening Mangrove Ecosystems and Empowering Community Economy for Food Security	2024-2027	Fak-fak & Kaimana, Papua	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
8	Forest Protection and Forest Positive Partnership	2024-2028	South Sorong	Agriculture	Governance and Funding
9	SOMACORE	2024-2026	Wetar (Maluku), Alor (NTT), Saleh Bay, Sumbawa (NTB)	Marine and Coastal	Governance and Funding
Yayasan Lahan Basah (YLBA)					
No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Building with Nature (BwN) Indonesia	October 2015-2020	Demak, Central Java	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
2	Peat and Mangrove Ecosystems Mitigation, Adaptation through Conservation and Sustainable Livelihoods in Indonesia's Peat and Mangrove Ecosystems (IKI-PME Project)	2019 – 2022	Ministry of Environment and Forestry, North Sumatra Provincial Government, South Tapanuli Regency Government, IKI-PME program, Conservation International Indonesia, Community Groups, Private Sector	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
3	Ecological Mangrove Restoration through the To Plant or Not To Plant Project (TPNTP) Approach	2021 – 2023	North and East Kalimantan	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
4	Global Mangrove Alliance Indonesia - Mobilizing the Mangrove Breakthrough program (MGAI-MMB)	July 2023 – May 2025	North Kalimantan	Marine and Coastal	Infrastructure
5	Commemoration of World Wetlands Day	2018 – present	Demak, North and East Kalimantan	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
6	Publication of Wetland Conservation Newsletter (quarterly)	2018 – present	Publication	Cross-Sector	Capacity Building
Yayasan Madani Berkelanjutan					

No	Activity	Year of Activity	Loaction (Province, Regency/City)	Sector	Approach
1	Technical Guidance and Integration of Green Development Concepts for Climate Commitments into Regional Long-Term Development Plans	2022	West Kalimantan, Riau, Bali, Central Sulawesi	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
2	Workshop on Low-Carbon and Climate-Resilient Development Towards a Green Economy and Sustainable Development in the Central and Eastern Region	2023	Bali	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
3	Community-Based Small-Scale Biodiesel Development: "An Opportunity to Contribute to the Provision of Sustainable Bioenergy through Biodiesel Investment in Kapuas Hulu Regency"	2024 - until now	Kapuas Hulu Regency	Agriculture	Technology
4	Climate Crisis Creative Public Campaign	2022 - present	DKI Jakarta Province, Maluku	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building
1	Technical Guidance and Integration of Green Development Concepts for Climate Commitments into Regional Long-Term Development Plans	2022	West Kalimantan, Riau, Bali, Central Sulawesi	Marine and Coastal	Capacity Building

A photograph of a mangrove forest in a body of water. The foreground shows several mangrove trees with green leaves and orange flowers. The background is a dense line of trees. Two large, semi-transparent circles are overlaid on the top of the image: a teal one on the left and an orange one on the right.

CONTRIBUTIONS OF NON-
GOVERNMENTAL ACTORS

**CLIMATE RESILIENCE
DEVELOPMENT**

2.0



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